



# MORROWS PRIVATE WEALTH MARKET & STRATEGY UPDATE MAY 2025

**For those joining the presentation online:**

The presentation will begin at approximately 12:30

Your camera and microphone have been disabled. If you would like to ask a question, please do so via Chat, your question will then be passed on to the speaker.

Your financial future,  
tailored your way







# MPW Market & Strategy Update – May 2025



## General Advice Disclaimer

The purpose of this presentation is to provide you general advice and insight into MPW's current market outlook and investment philosophy.

Where our presentation provides general advice, we must explain that this advice has been prepared at this time without taking into account your individual personal needs, objectives, or financial situation, and the personal information we hold about you has not specifically been considered in forming our views.

You should not act on any advice that has not been tailored to you or considered in light of your full individual personal circumstances, as there is a risk that such actions may not be appropriate for you or be in your best interests.

Where we provide personal advice and investment recommendations, these will be presented in a Statement of Advice (SoA) which will explain the basis of your personal advice recommendations, and any considerations or risks so that you can make an informed decision.

No representation is given, warranty made or responsibility taken about the accuracy, timeliness or completeness of information sourced from third parties.



# What Are Global Trade Tariffs?

## What is a Tariff?

Created by  genuine impact



A tariff is a tax imposed by a government on imported goods. It makes foreign products more expensive, aiming to protect domestic industries and generate revenue.

**Imported Goods**  
(e.g., a smartphone from China)



**Government imposes a tariff**  
(tax revenue)



**Product price increases**



### ✗ Foreign businesses suffer

- higher prices
- lower demand

### ✓ Domestic businesses benefit

- higher competitiveness
- increased sales

More charts: [genuineimpact.substack.com](https://genuineimpact.substack.com)

## How do tariffs work? A quick guide using a \$50 bottle of wine\*



**1**

A foreign winemaker produces a \$50 bottle of wine to be sold in Australia

**2**

**Tariffs of 10%** are due, paid to the government when the wine is imported

**3**

So the price to the business importing the bottle of wine is \$55

**a**

The company absorbs the price of the tariff and sells the wine at \$50 but has lower profits

**b**

The company absorbs part of the tariff cost and sells the wine for \$52.50

**c**

The company raises the price of the wine to \$55 to make up for the cost of the tariff

\*The above is a fictional example to illustrate how tariffs work.



**morrrows**  
PRIVATE WEALTH

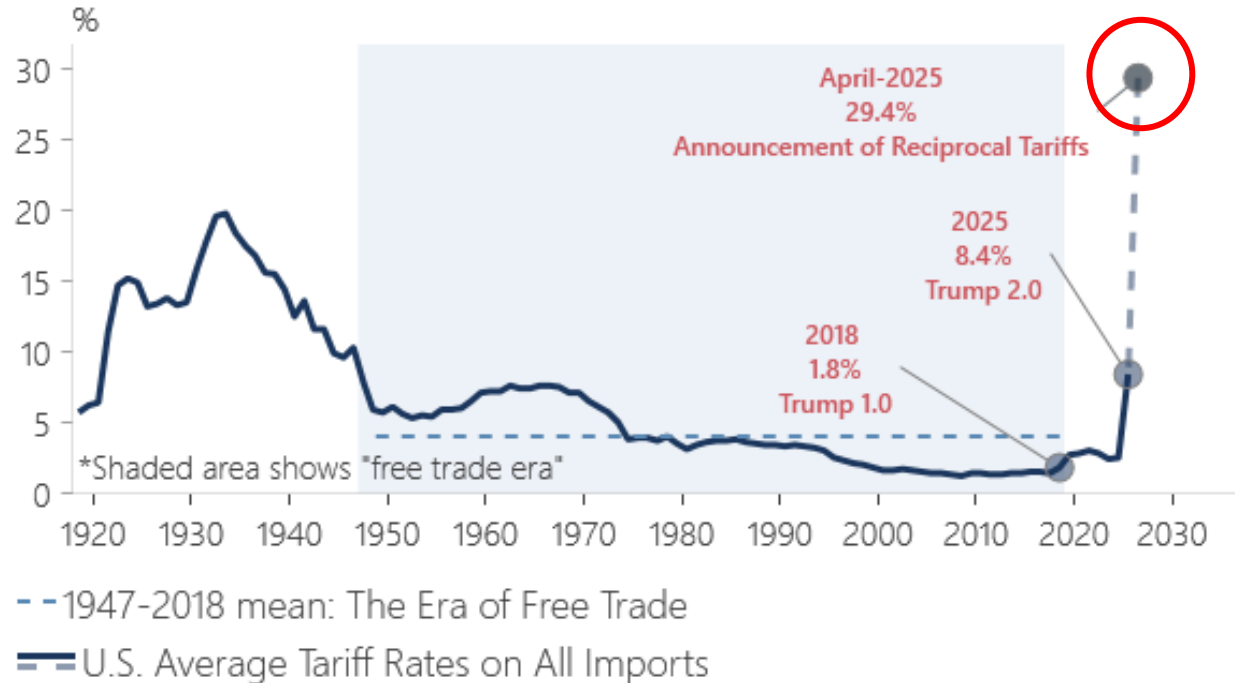


# Trump's Tariffs: There is no Playbook!

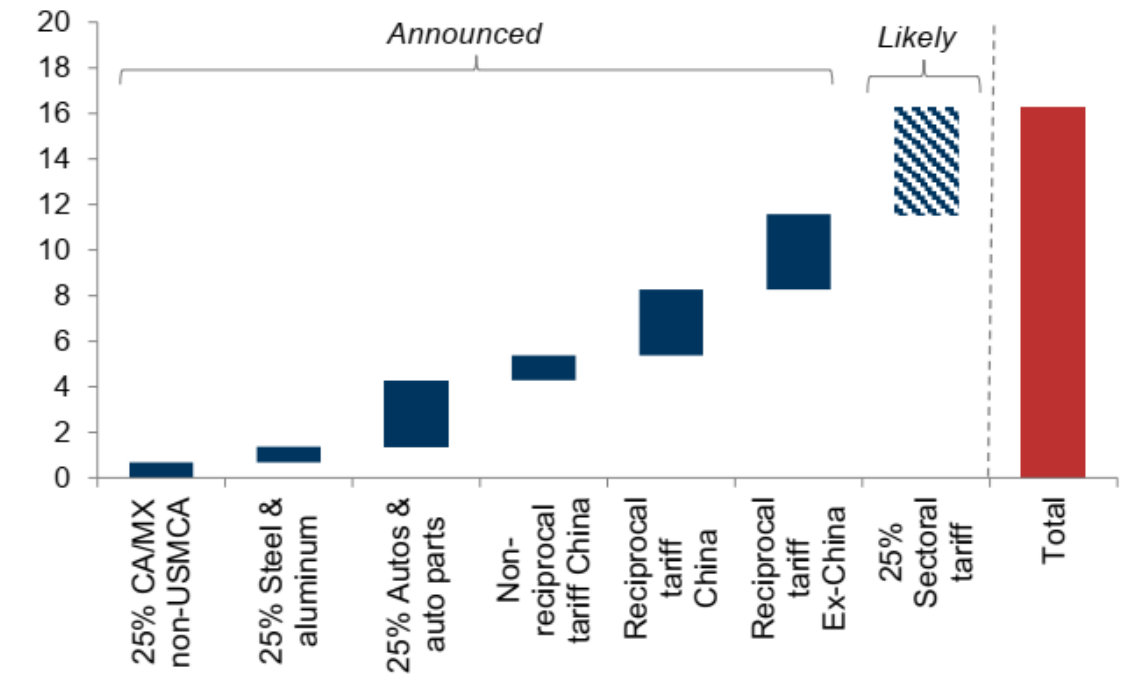
The announcement of reciprocal tariffs averaging 29% has sparked fears of a global trade war and recession.

Goldman Sachs estimate the effective US tariff rate will rise by around 16% in 2025, but everyone is guessing!

U.S. Historical Average Import Tariff Rates\*



Impact of tariff policies on the US effective tariff rate, pp



Source: Goldman Sachs GIR.

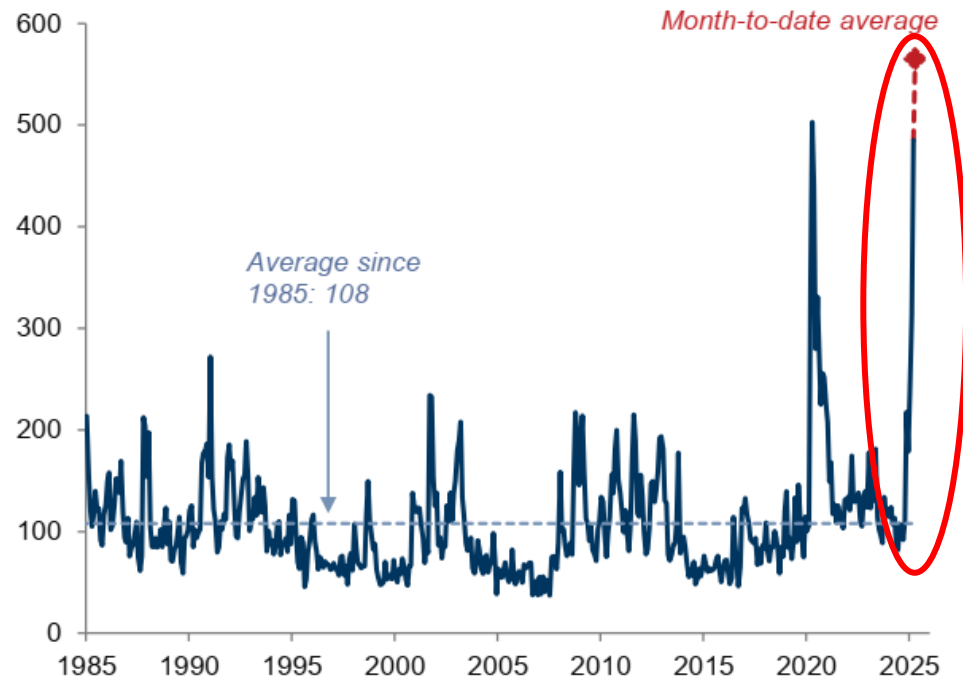


# Tariffs Are Causing Policy Uncertainty & Volatility

Trump is implementing large scale 'negative growth' policy changes at the same time, and this increases the chance of policy mistakes being made and recession.

When Trump announced the 90-day tariff pause, the market reversed a growth downgrade shock and higher interest rate shock. But this reprieve seems temporary.

Baker, Bloom, Davis Headline Policy Uncertainty Index



Source: PolicyUncertainty.com, Goldman Sachs GIR.

1-year cumulative growth and policy shocks, index



Source: Goldman Sachs GIR.





# Tariff Impacts on Manufacturing & Services

Purchasing Managers Future Output expectations have fallen sharply in both manufacturing and services in all G4 economies.

**Manufacturing**



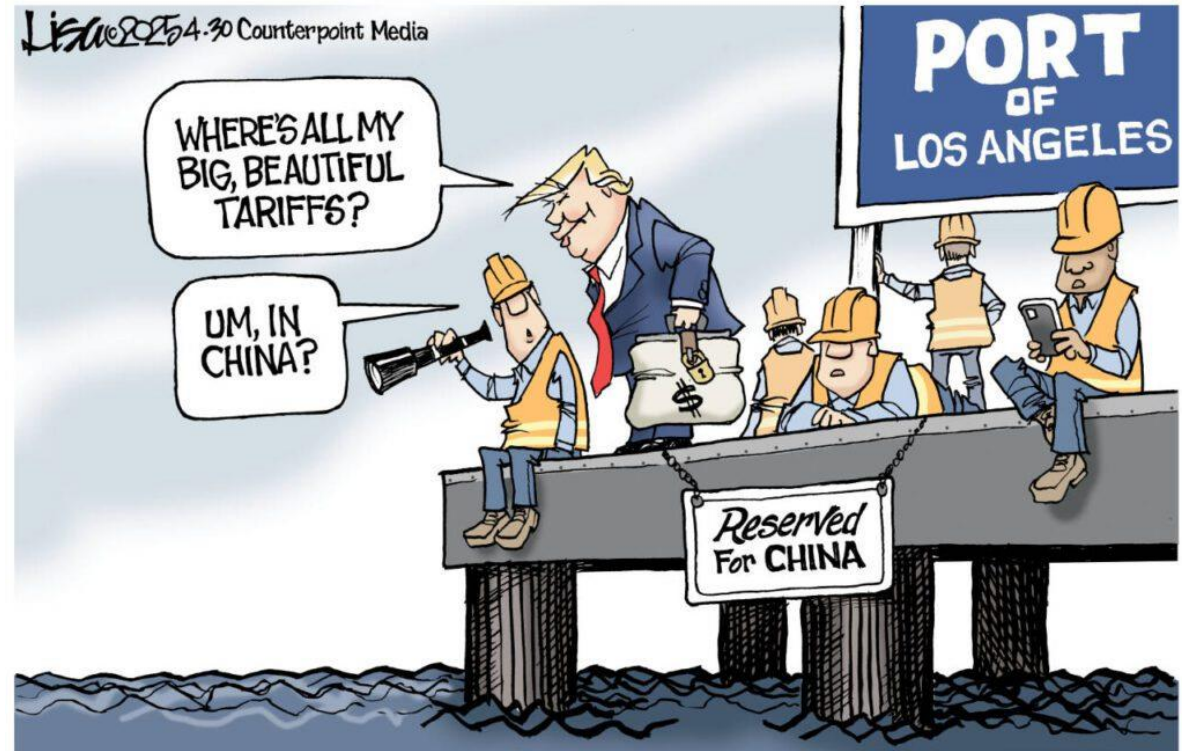
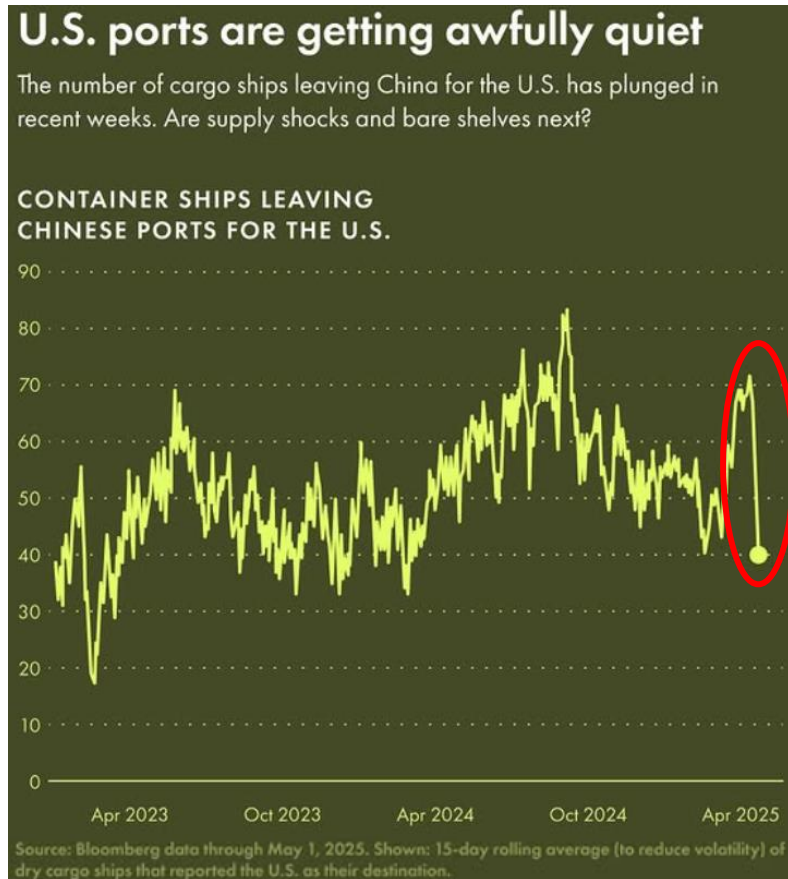
**Services**





# Tariff Impacts on Global Trade

The number of cargo ships sailing from China to the US has dropped dramatically. Will this result in a supply shock?



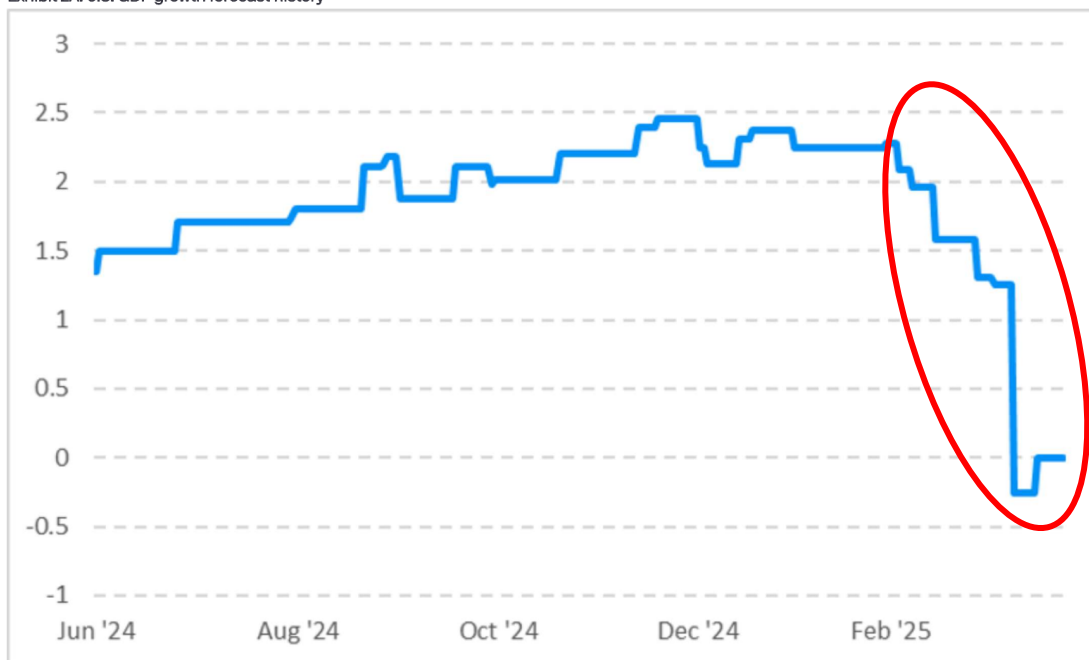


# Tariff Implications for US Growth

JPM & Goldman's now project US GDP Growth to fall to 0.5% in 2025, with risks of a mild recession rising to 45%.

	20y average	1Q25
GDP	2.1%	-0.3%

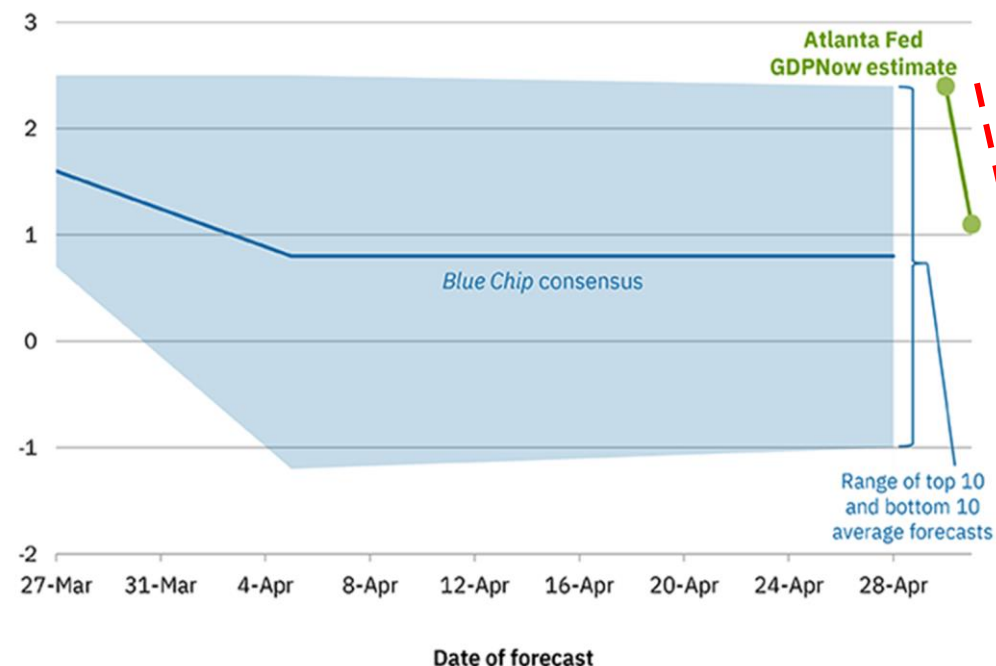
Exhibit 2A: U.S. GDP growth forecast history



Source: Bloomberg, J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, J.P. Morgan Asset Management Multi-Asset Solutions; data as of April 2025.

The Atlanta Fed GDPNow estimate for Q2 2025 has been revised down from 2.5% to 1%. US Growth is slowing.

Evolution of Atlanta Fed GDPNow real GDP estimate for 2025: Q2  
Quarterly percent change (SAAR)



Sources: Blue Chip Economic Indicators and Blue Chip Financial Forecasts

Note: The top (bottom) 10 average forecast is an average of the highest (lowest) 10 forecasts in the Blue Chip survey.



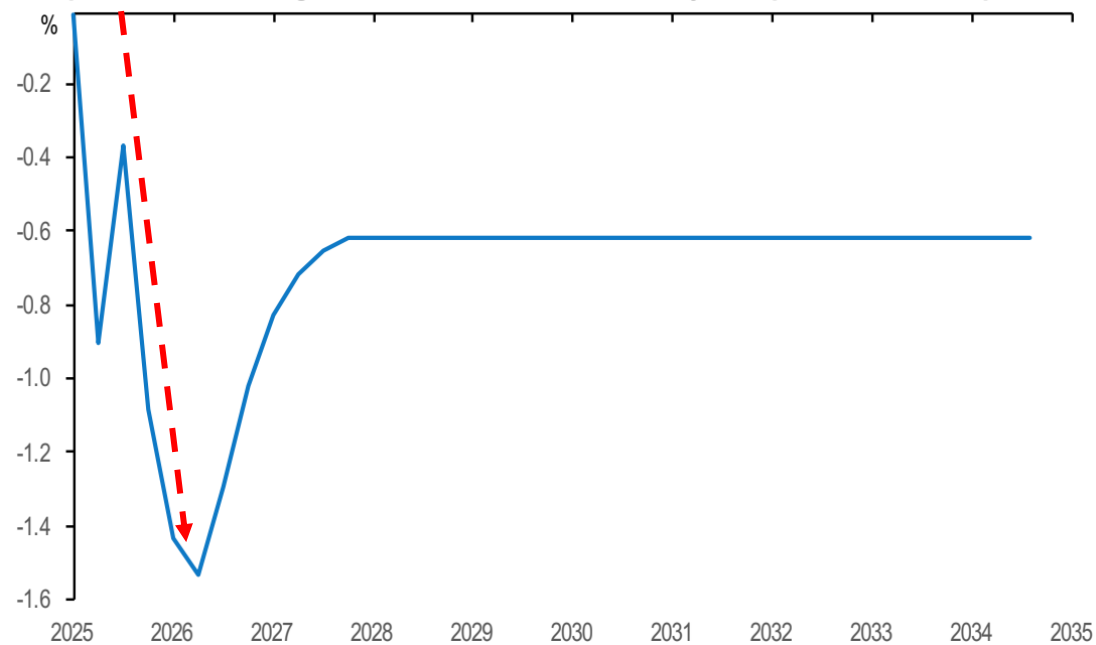
morrows  
PRIVATE WEALTH



# Tariff Implications & Rising US Recession Risk

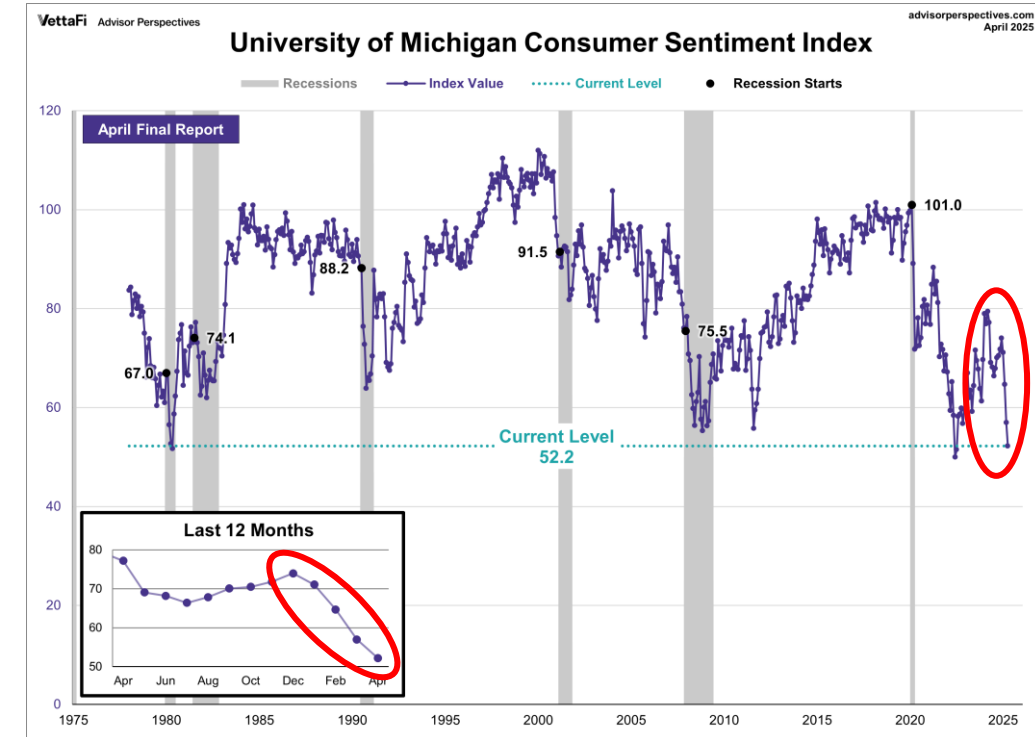
Yale University estimates that the hit to US GDP this year would be 1.5% based on the announced tariffs. This would likely see a mild recession unfold.

Impact on GDP: change to trade tariffs after the 90day "reciprocal" tariff suspension



Source: Yale University Budget Lab, MWM Research, April 2025

Consumer sentiment has fallen sharply to historically low levels, and small business optimism is also falling. Consumers need to remain resilient to avoid recession.

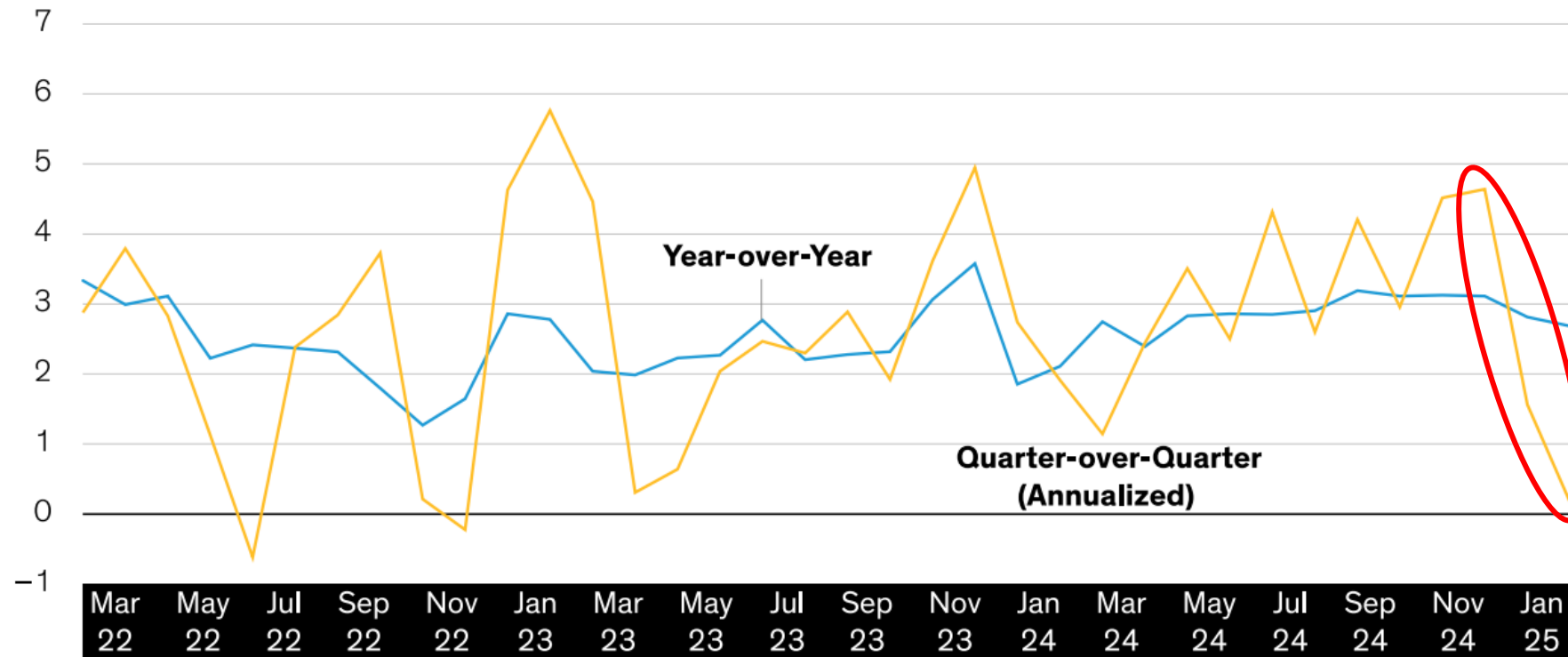




# Tariff Impact on US Household Spending

US household spending is falling and the US consumer is 70% of US GDP, so movements in sentiment towards spending, demand for employment and wages are all important barometers for what lies ahead for the US economy.

## Real Personal Spending (Percent Change)



Source: LSEG Datastream Through February 28, 2025

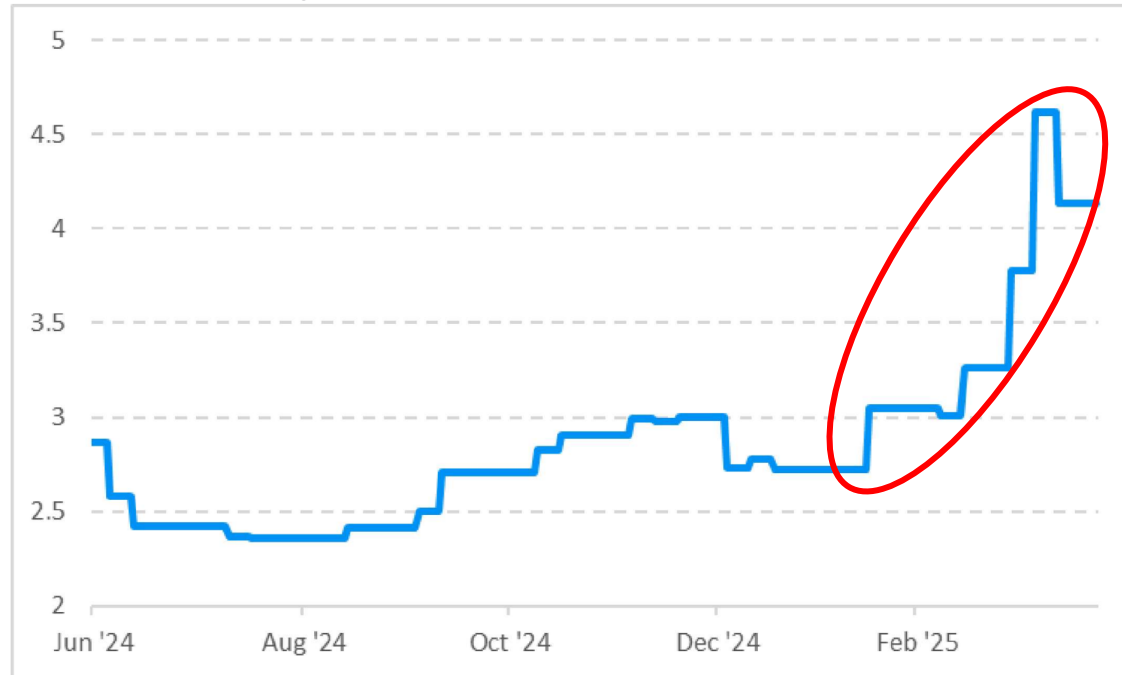




# Tariff Implications for US Inflation

JP Morgan now sees **US core inflation** rising to 4.1% by year end, driven by cost-push pressures from tariffs.

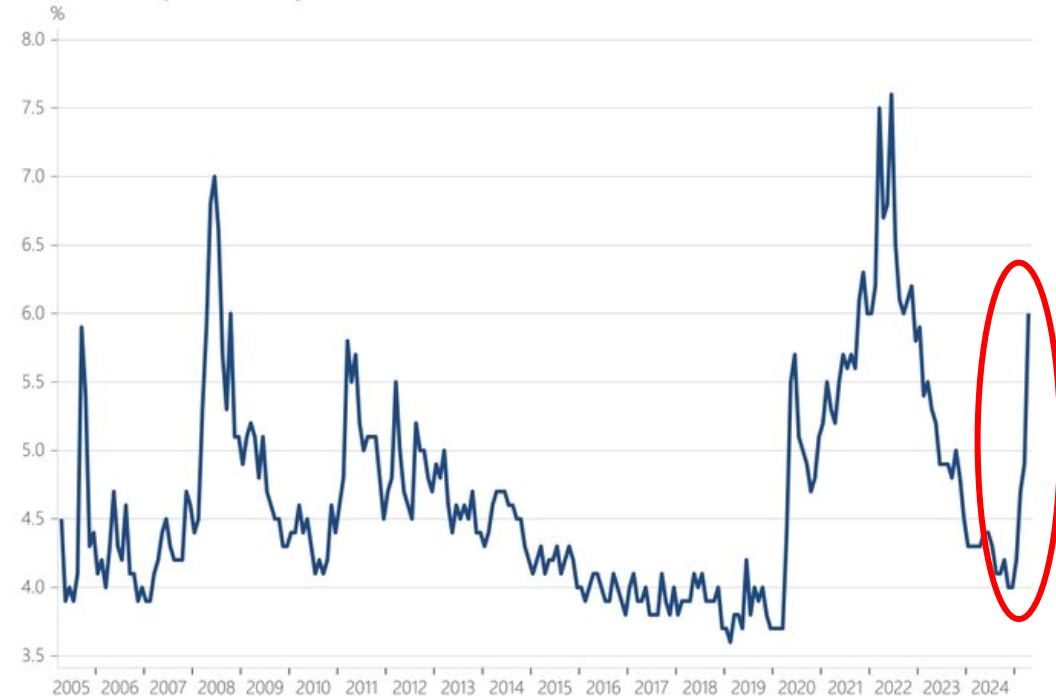
Exhibit 2B: U.S. core CPI forecast history



Source: Bloomberg, J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, J.P. Morgan Asset Management Multi-Asset Solutions; data as of April 2025.

The jump in consumer 1-year-ahead **inflation expectations** over the last 3 months is as swift as the rise seen in 2020.

Median expected one-year-ahead inflation rate



Source: Macrobond, Conference Board



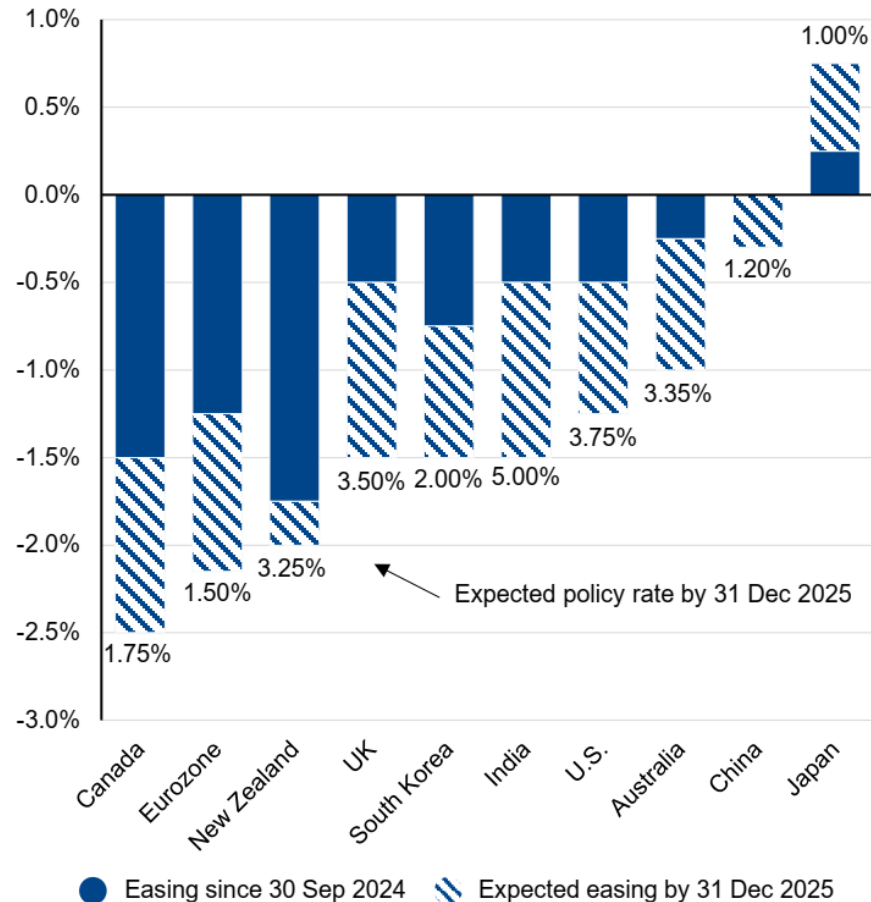


# Tariff Implications for US Fed Interest Rate Cuts

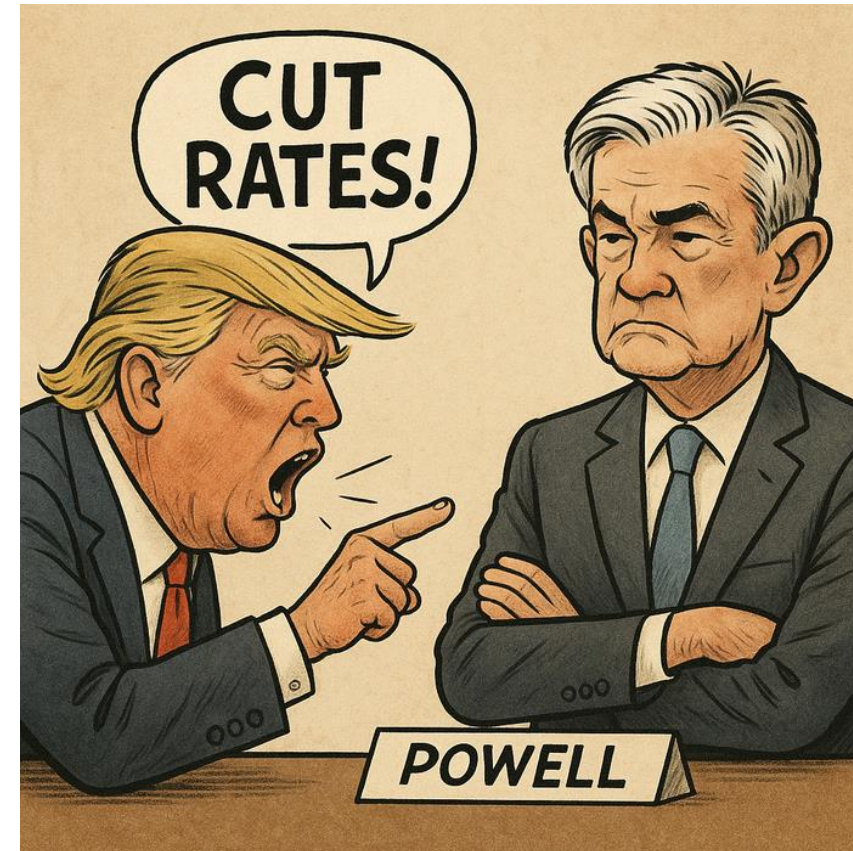
Other than Japan, most countries are expected to **cut interest** rates 3-4 times this year.

## Policy easing and expected rate cuts

Expected rate cuts by 31 December 2025



Tariff uncertainty means the **US Fed** will need to balance the risk of a slowing economy and likely rising inflation.



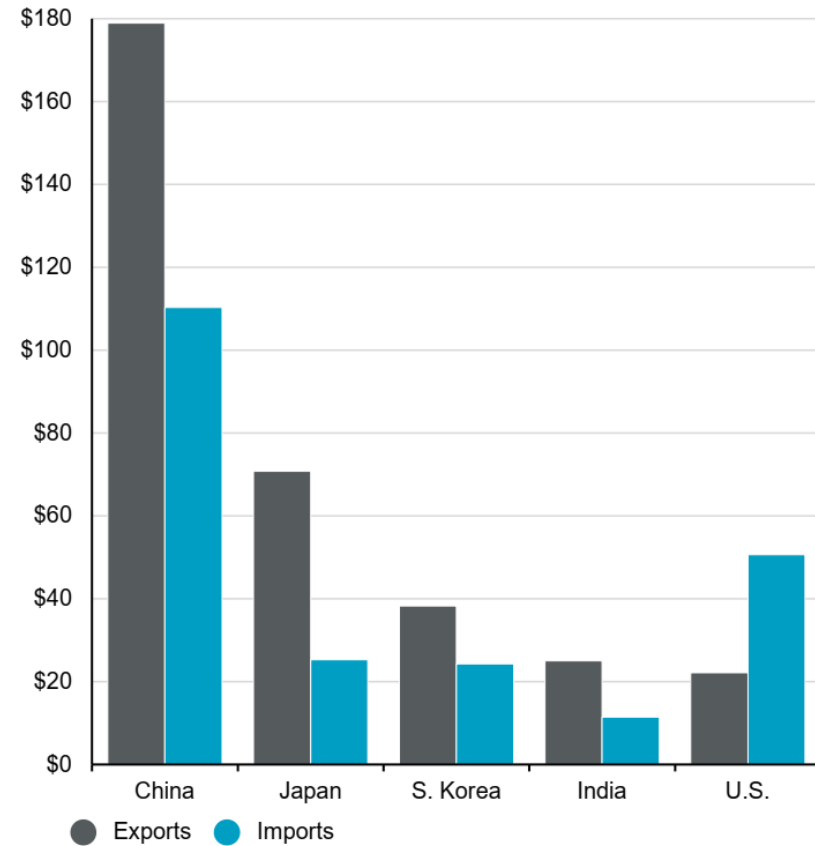


# Tariff Implications for Australia

The **10% US tariff** on our exports is bad news for industries affected and there is likely more to come for pharmaceuticals and aluminium. However, only 5% of Australian exports go to the US.

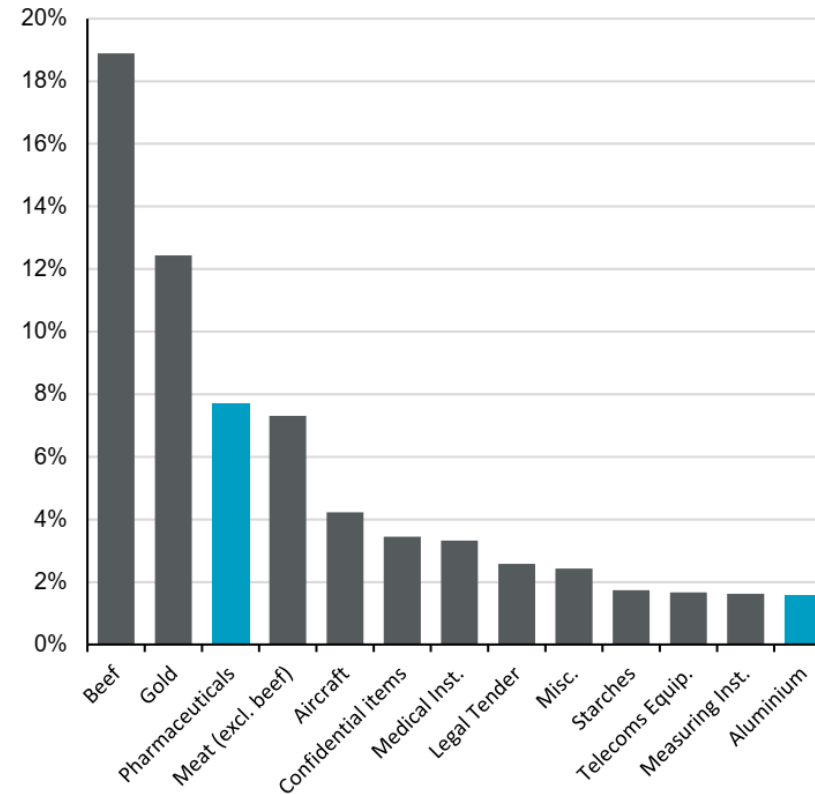
**Australia's largest trading partners**

Goods trade, AUD billion, 2024



**Top Australian exports to the U.S.**

% of total U.S. exports, 2024



Source: Australian DFAT, J.P. Morgan Asset Management.  
Guide to the Markets – Australia. Data as of 02/05/25.



**morrrows**  
PRIVATE WEALTH

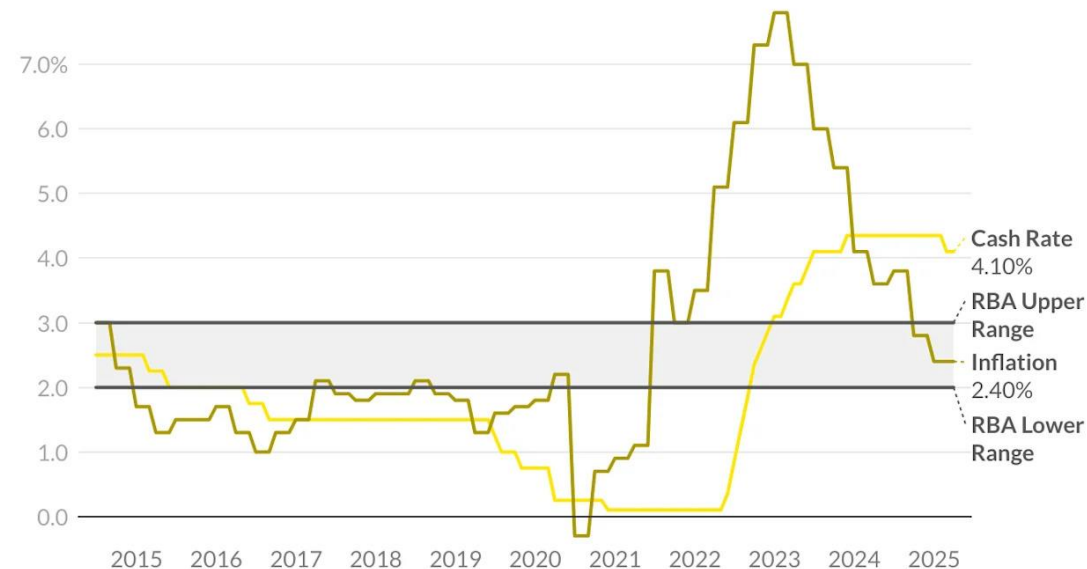


# The Bigger Risk to Australia is a Slowing China

The **RBA** will cut interest rates by 0.25% this month as inflation moderates. How far will they go in 2025?

## Australia Inflation and RBA Cash Rate

Official cash rate hold at 4.10% vs inflation

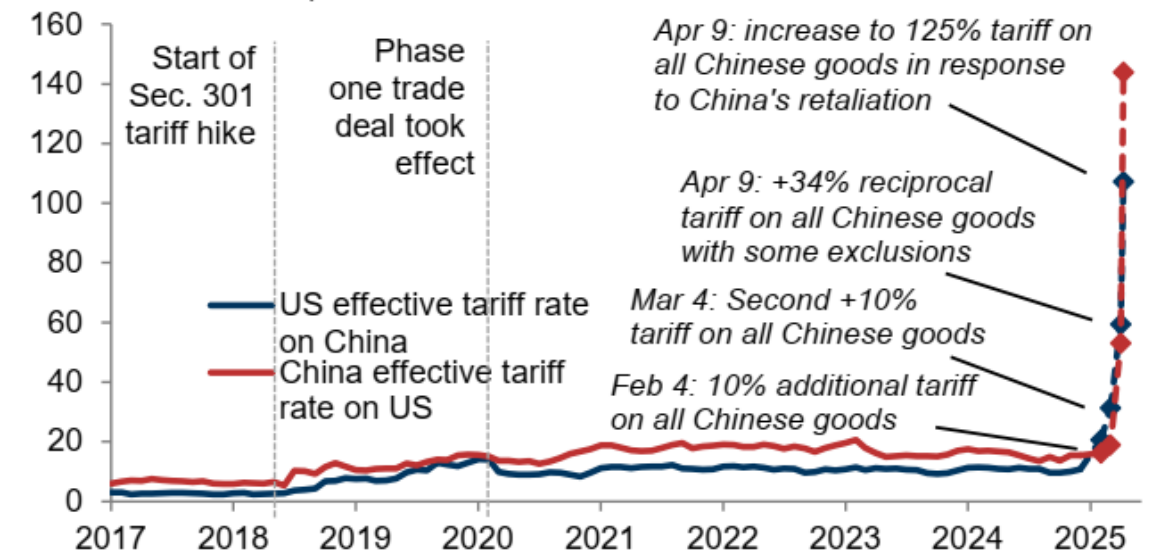


Source: RBA, ABS

If US tariffs slow China's economy, Australia will feel the impact of this, even without reciprocal tariffs from China.

## Effective tariff rates between US and China have risen sharply

Effective tariff rates, %



Source: USTR, USITC, Goldman Sachs GIR.

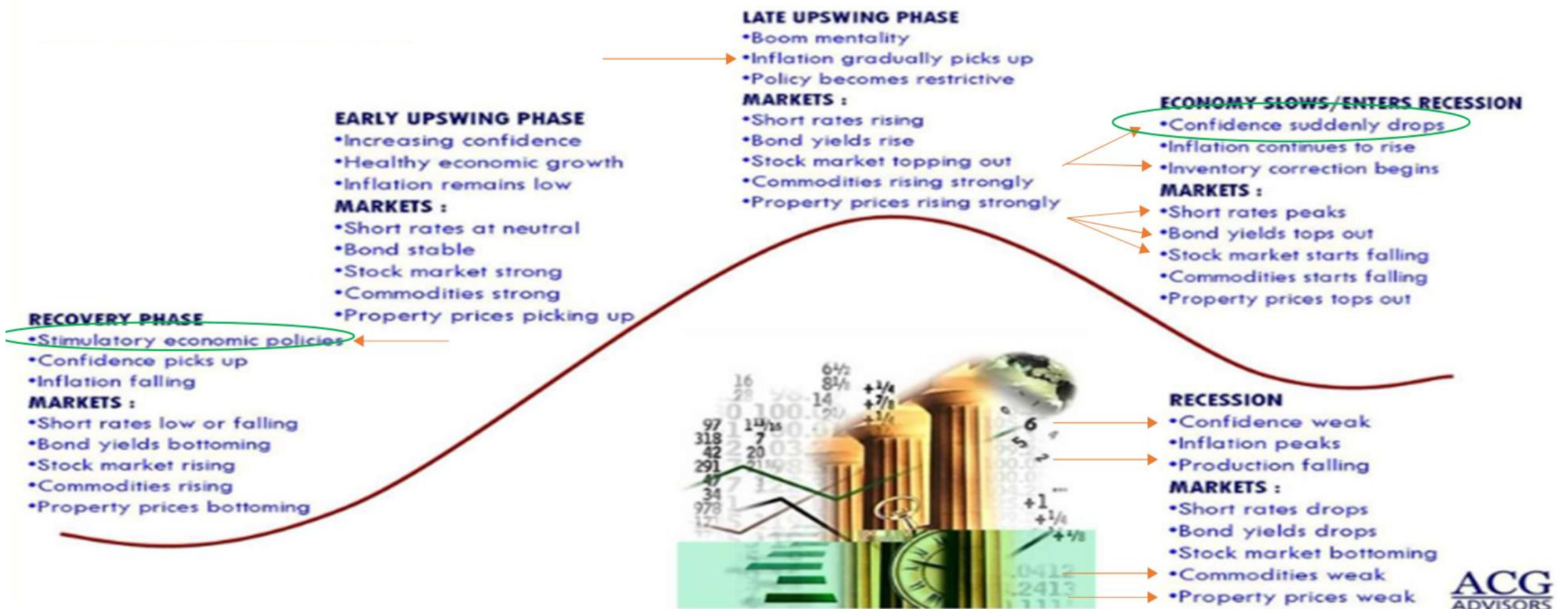


morrrows  
PRIVATE WEALTH



# Macro Overlay: The Economic Cycle

Our **economic cycle clock** now moves more firmly into slowing growth and towards recession phase as the negative impacts of Trump policy sharply weakens US growth prospects and elevates inflation risk = **stagflation**.







# MPW Outlook: US Recession Risks Are Rising



1. Negative Growth (Recession) MPW Probability = Increasing	2. Low Trend Growth (Current) MPW Probability = Medium	3. Strong Growth (Bull Market) MPW Probability = Low
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Inflation is sticky and moves higher</li><li>• Central banks hold or raise rates</li><li>• Unemployment rises 1-2%</li><li>• Savings rates evaporate</li><li>• Consumer spending slows sharply</li><li>• Economic data deteriorates</li><li>• Corporate earnings fall</li><li>• Geopolitical risks intensify (wars)</li><li>• Tariffs create global trade wars</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Inflation is sticky but moderates</li><li>• Central banks slowly cut rates</li><li>• Unemployment rises marginally</li><li>• Savings rates are neutral</li><li>• Consumers continue to spend</li><li>• Economic data not too hot or cold</li><li>• Corporate earnings remain positive</li><li>• No further sanctions or conflict</li><li>• Tariffs are moderated</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Inflation falls to central bank targets</li><li>• Central banks are accommodative</li><li>• Employment growth remains strong</li><li>• Savings rates increase</li><li>• Consumer confidence picks up</li><li>• Economic data strengthens</li><li>• Companies improve productivity</li><li>• Geopolitical risks and conflict abates</li><li>• No tariffs and global trade picks up</li></ul>
Markets are <u>not</u> priced for this, expect further decline from here (~-20% plus)	Markets <u>are</u> priced for this, value can be selectively found at current levels	Markets are <u>starting to price this</u> , risky assets will perform very strongly



# The Narrative Has Turned Negative In 1H 2025

US **Leading Economic Indicators (LEI's)** were suggesting that recession risk was high in 2024, but there was a sharp rebound in these LEI's through the back half of 2024. They are now falling sharply again which increases the risk of recession in 2025.



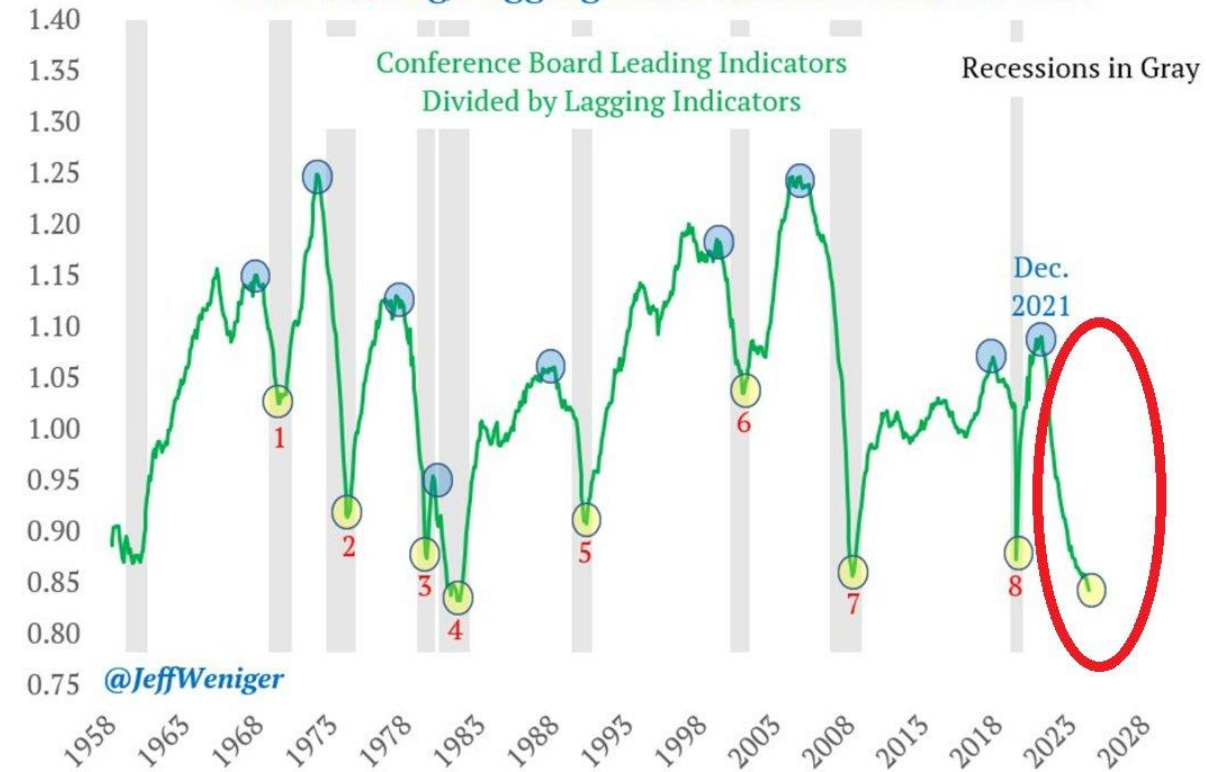


# US Lagging Economic Indicators Remain Solid

The **Leading Indicators divided by Lagging Indicators** have dropped to the lowest since the 1980s, with such levels never seen outside of recessions.

The question from here is whether the 'hard data' or lagging indicators follows the 'soft data' or leading indicators down. If they do, a recession likely unfolds.

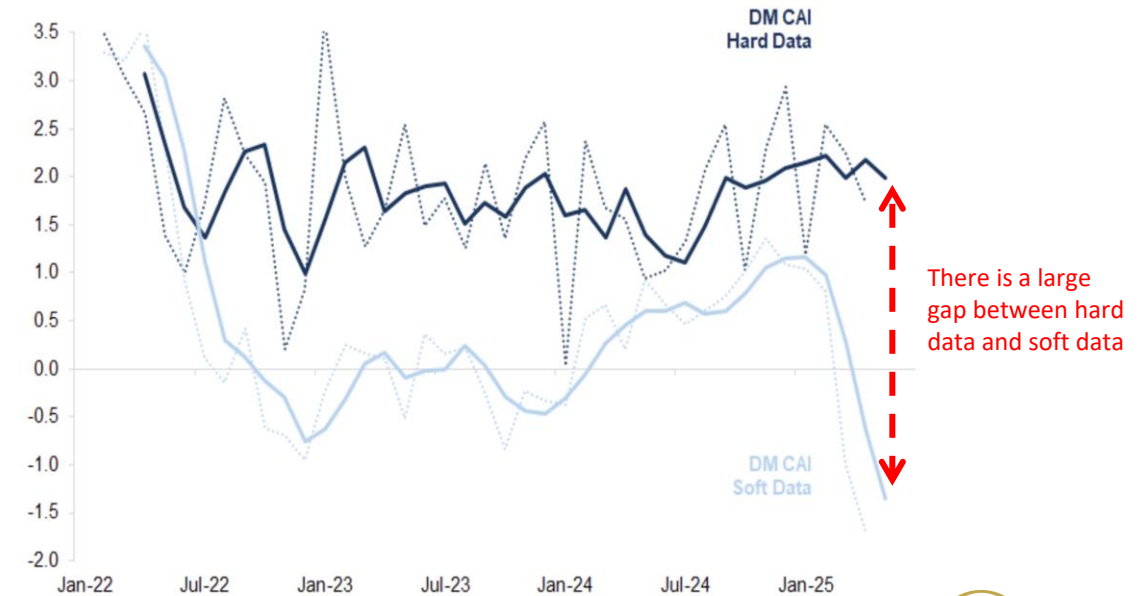
## The Leading/Lagging Ratio Indicates a Recession



Source: Conference Board, Jan. 1959 - March 2025. File #0731

## Exhibit 8: Soft data has turned strongly negative in 2025 while hard data has remained resilient

CAI = Current Activity Indicator, 3m rolling average



Source: Goldman Sachs Global Investment Research



morrrows  
PRIVATE WEALTH



# So What Does This Mean For Markets?

Economic fundamentals have deteriorated in recent months and recession risk has increased, with tariff uncertainty keeping the Fed on hold with rate cuts.



Stagflation: **Growth assets grind higher**

**BUT...**

If tariffs do result in higher inflation and recession, then the Fed will need to make a call on prioritising growth (rate cuts) or fighting inflation. This is yet to be decided.



Recession: **Growth assets revalue down**



# MPW Recommended Portfolio Strategy



Asset Class	Tactical Position	Comment
Currency (AUD vs USD)	Hedged	Hedging USD at current levels, AUD may fall further but it is below the long-term average
Cash & Liquidity	Neutral	RBA will cut rates in May, 1-3 more into year end, hold cash for buying opportunities
Government Bond Duration	Underweight	Long-duration bonds are not pricing in higher for longer inflation. Prefer private debt
Corporate Credit & Debt	Underweight	Listed credit spreads are very low by historical measures, so higher risk. Prefer private debt
Listed Property & Infrastructure	Underweight	Listed assets have had a strong run on rate cuts, prefer to own selective unlisted assets
Listed Australian Shares	Underweight	Expensive, prefer value over growth, resources over banks, and small caps over large caps
Listed International Shares	Underweight	US expensive, Europe and Emerging Markets cheaper, small caps over large caps
Liquid Alternative Assets	Overweight	Selective hedge funds, private debt and equity, commodities, and niche opportunities
Illiquid Alternative Assets	Overweight	Private debt and equity, niche illiquid strategies can provide a long-term return premium

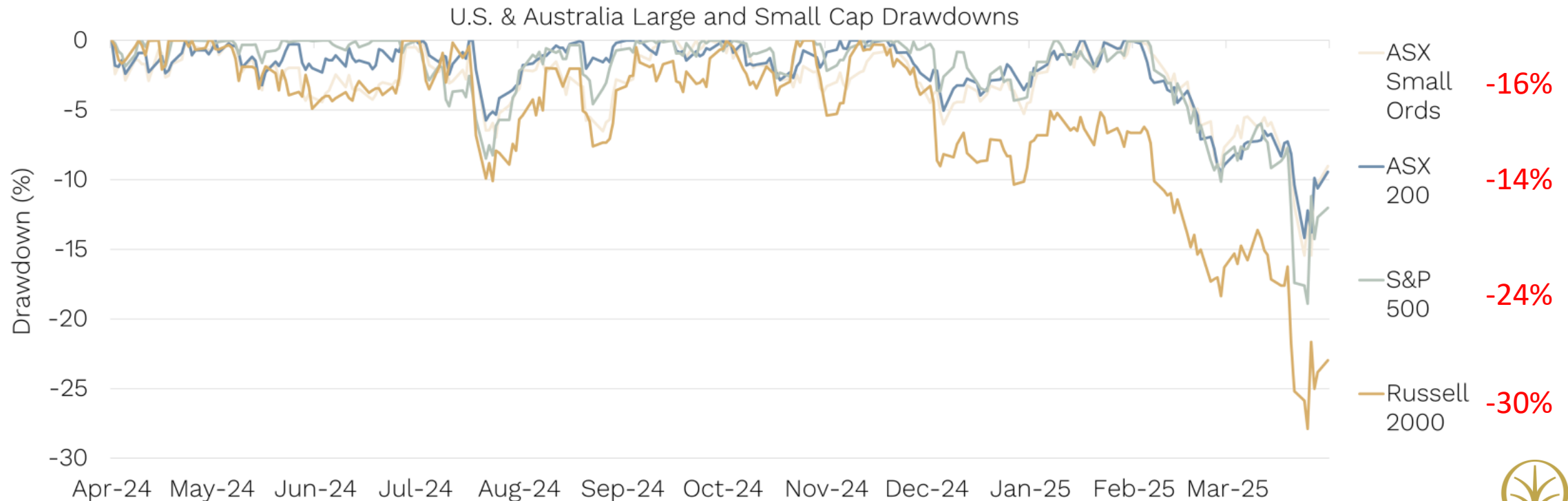




# Expect Listed Equity Markets to Remain Volatile

The **drawdown** (peak to trough) for the **US S&P 500** index was -24% and for the US Russell 2000 (small cap) index was -30%, before the tariff deferment announcement.

The **drawdown** (peak to trough) for the **ASX 200** index was -14% and for the ASX Small Ords index was -16%, before the tariff deferment announcement.



Source: Bloomberg. Data to 14 April 2025.



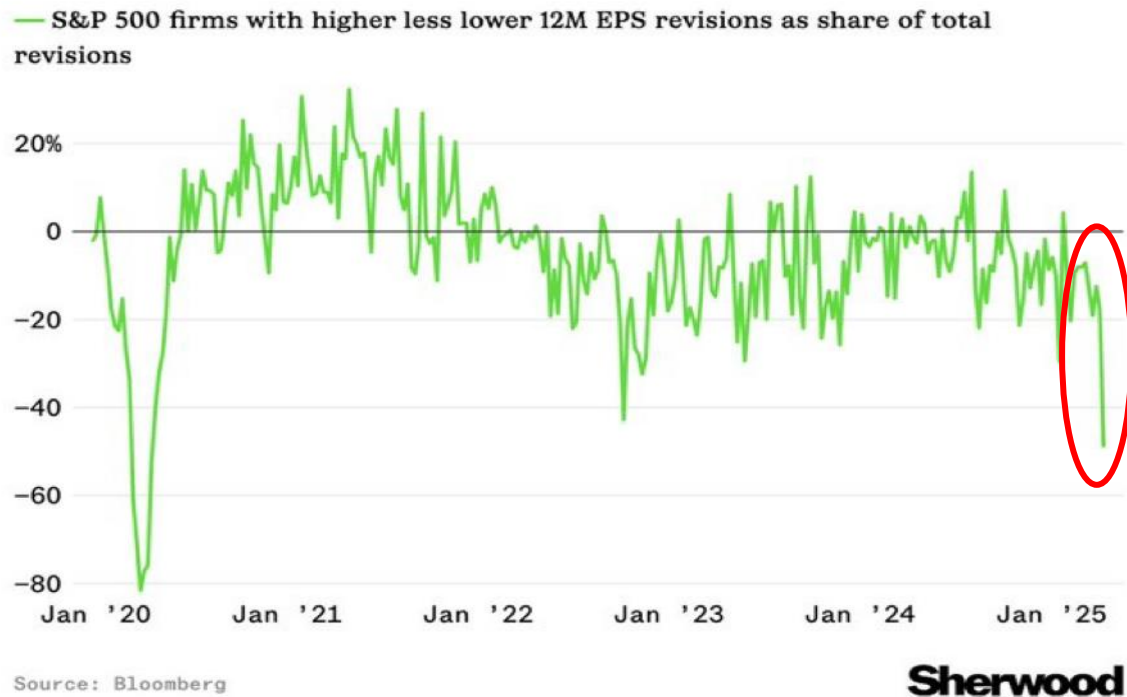


# US Corporate Earnings Now Revised Much Lower

US corporate earnings have been revised significantly lower as a result of tariffs, stagflation, and uncertainty. C

Despite this, the US share market remains expensive by most historical measures. Market risk is elevated here.

## Worst net earnings revisions since 2020



## P/E ratio of the top 10 and remaining companies in S&P 500

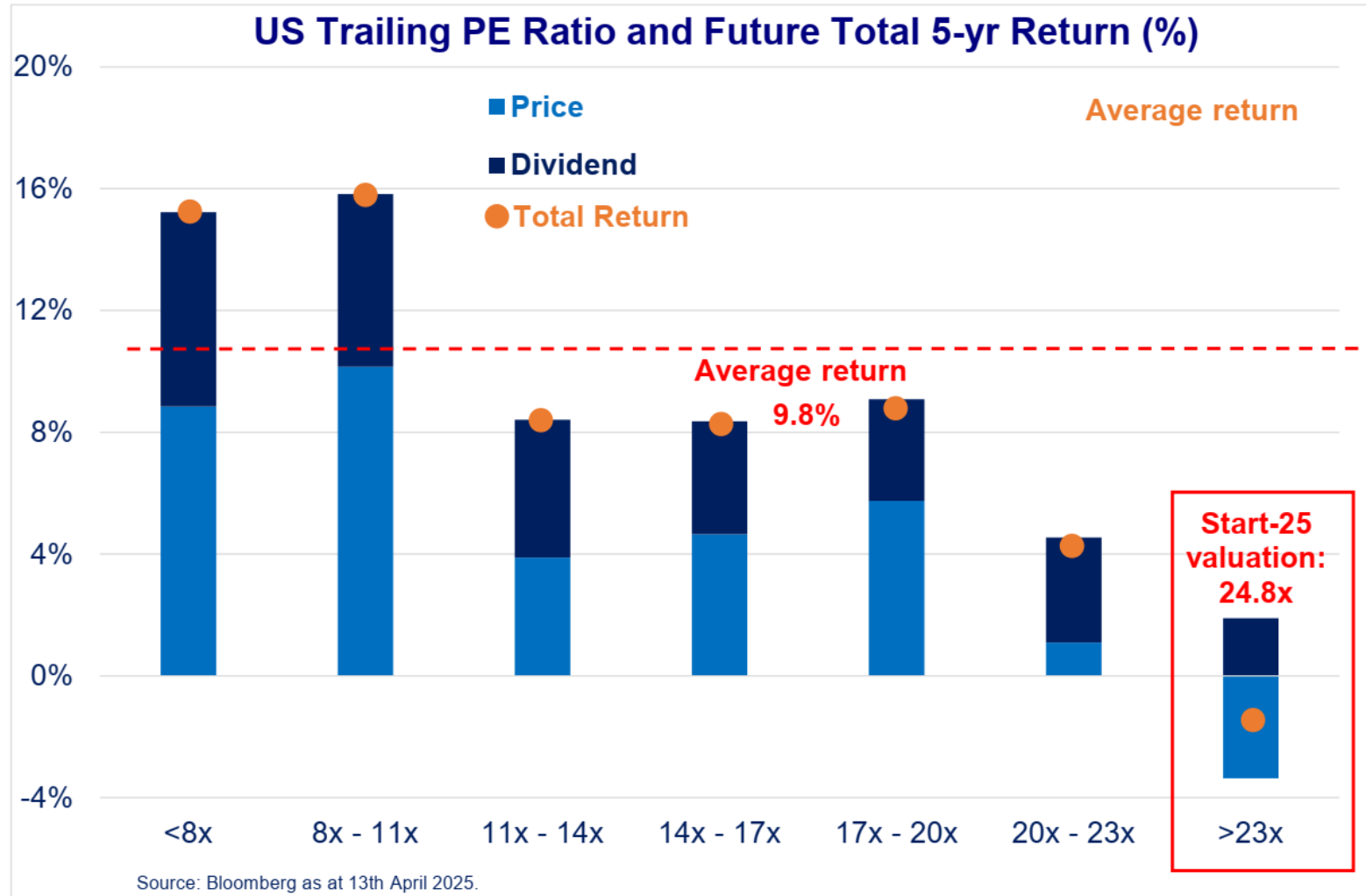
Next 12 months, 1996 - present





# Valuations Matter To Long-Term Returns

Entering 2025, the S&P 500's 12MT valuation was aligned with negative 5Yr returns

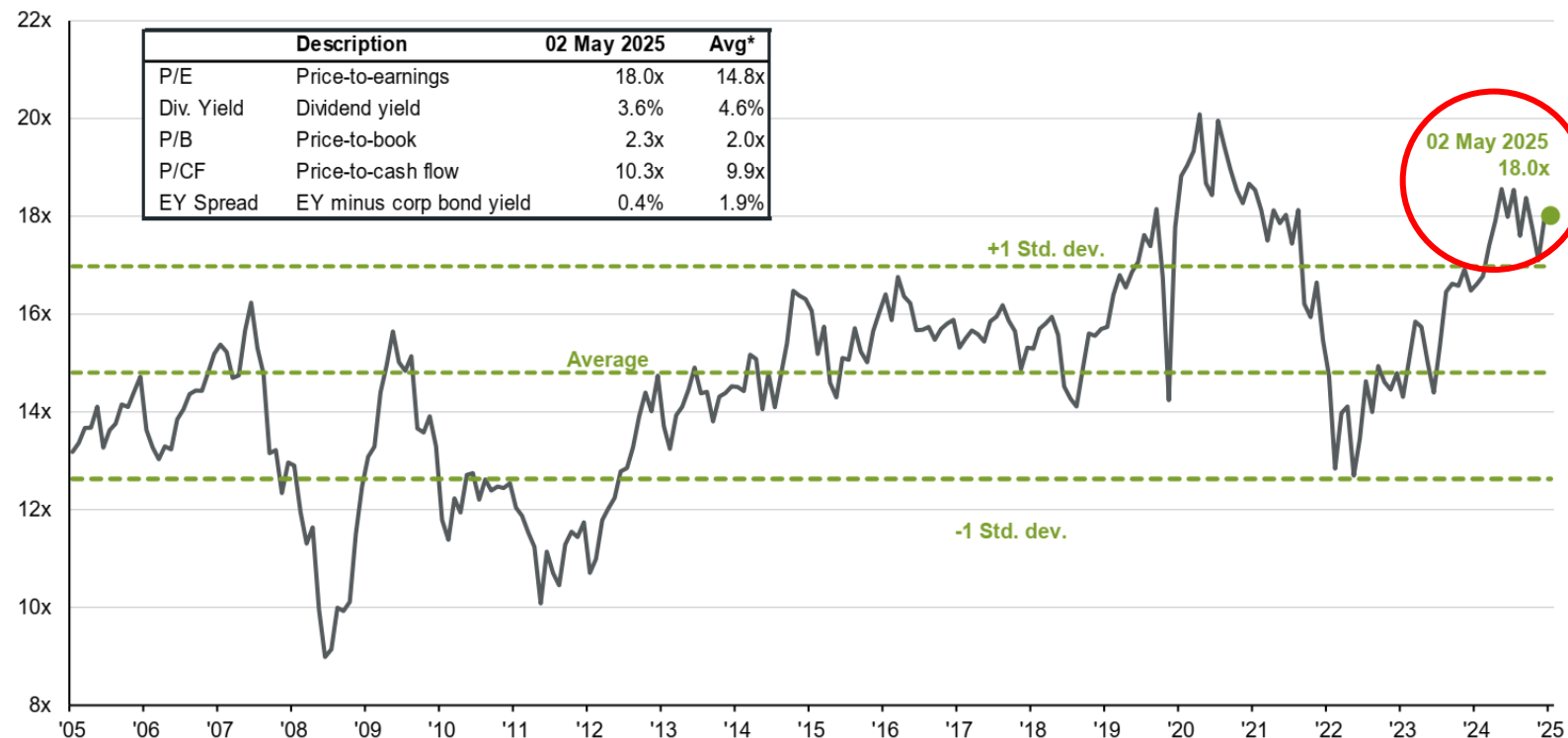




# Australian Shares: Expensive & Negative Earnings

Australian shares are not cheap by historical measures and earnings growth is expected to be negative.

ASX 200 Index: Forward P/E ratio



ASX 200 earnings revisions

Change in next 12-month earnings, year-over-year



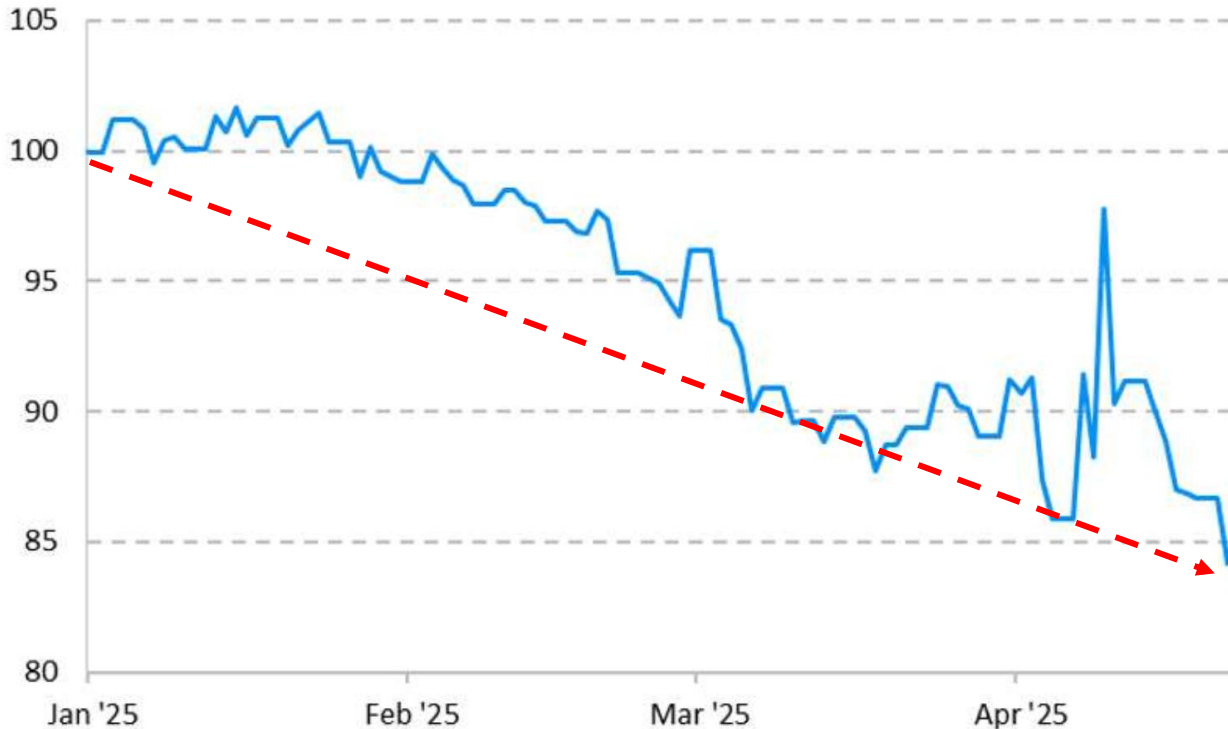


# There Has Been a Rotation Out of US Stocks

Global equities have significantly outperformed US equities in 2025 as uncertainty in the US increases.

Resilient at first, U.S. equities have plunged as the global trade war has escalated

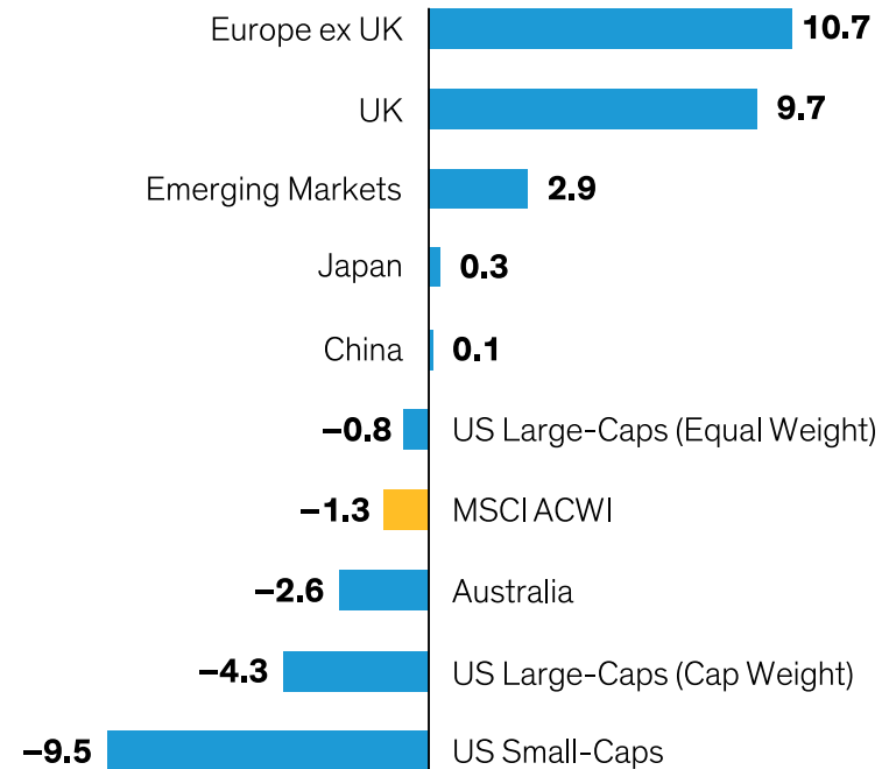
Exhibit 6: U.S. equities vs. MSCI ACWI ex-US YTD performance



Source: Bloomberg, J.P. Morgan Asset Management Multi-Asset Solutions; data as of April 2025. Index: Jan 1, 2025 = 100.

## Regional Returns: January–March 2025\*

USD (percent)



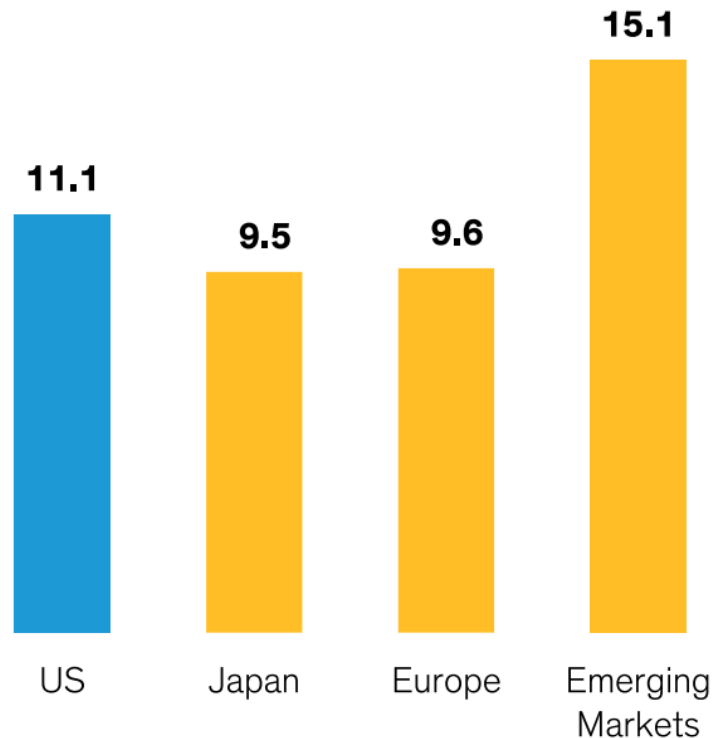
morrrows  
PRIVATE WEALTH



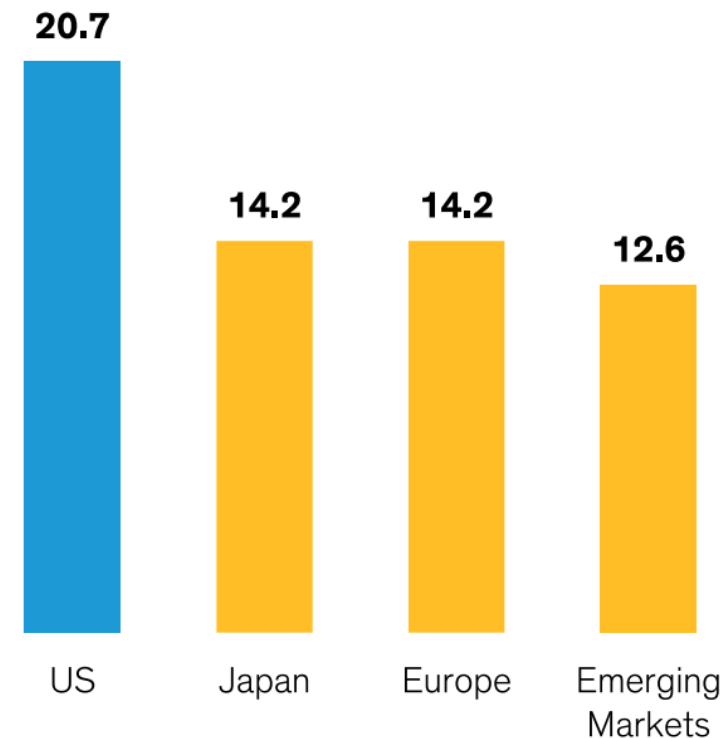
# We Remain Positive on Emerging Markets

Emerging Market earnings growth is expected to be higher than other regions and they are also cheaper on a relative basis.

**Consensus Earnings Growth Expectations**  
(2025 vs. 2024, percent)



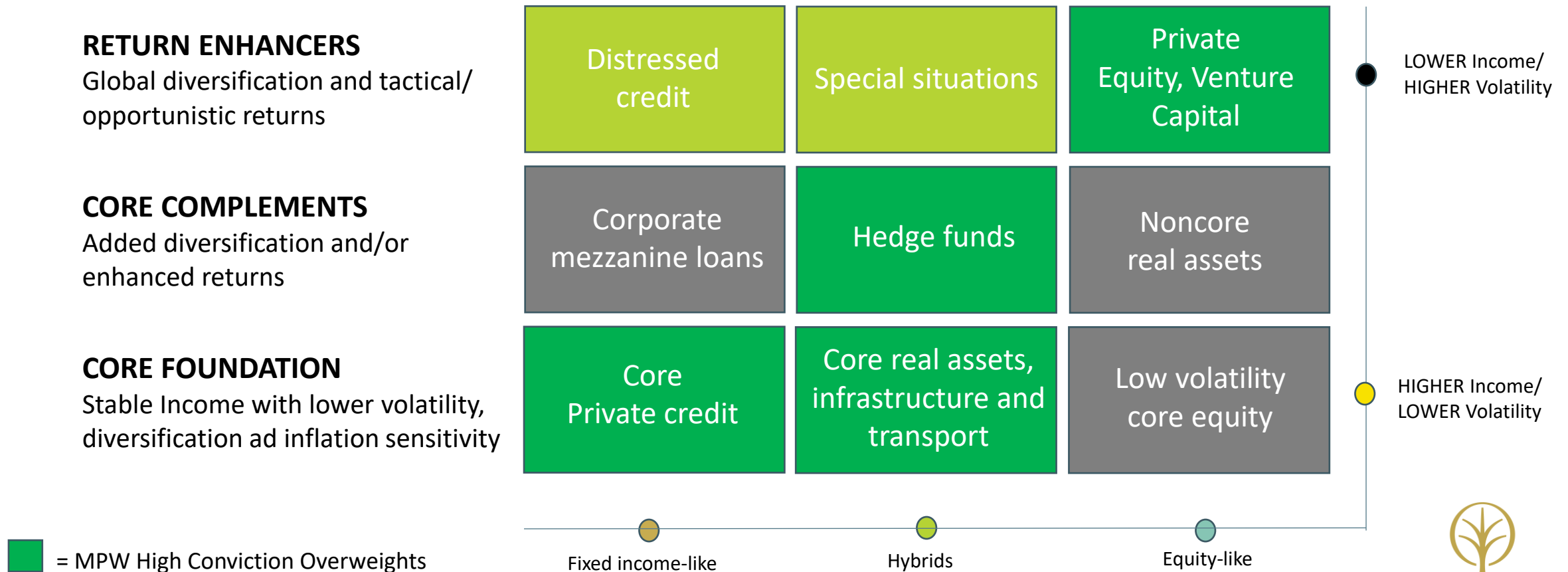
**Price/Forward Earnings (2025E)**





# The Role of Alternative Assets In Portfolios

Framework-driven portfolio construction: What role do different categories play in the portfolio?





# Alternative Asset Class Returns – 10 Years

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Sep-24	2014-2023	
											Ann.	Vol.*
Venture Capital 26.0%	Infra. 15.5%	Infra. 14.2%	Private Equity 22.9%	Venture Capital 21.2%	60/40 Portfolio 22.4%	Venture Capital 58.3%	Venture Capital 49.8%	Transport 12.1%	60/40 Portfolio 18.0%	60/40 Portfolio 15.0%	Venture Capital 16.2%	Venture Capital 13.2%
Infra. 13.9%	Venture Capital 15.1%	Private Equity 12.2%	Venture Capital 14.8%	Infra. 11.6%	Venture Capital 20.3%	Private Equity 24.1%	Private Equity 37.6%	Infra. 9.6%	50/30/20 Portfolio 15.2%	50/30/20 Portfolio 13.3%	Private Equity 14.5%	60/40 Portfolio 10.2%
U.S. Core RE 12.5%	U.S. Core RE 15.0%	Direct Lending 11.2%	60/40 Portfolio 14.5%	Europe Core RE 9.9%	50/30/20 Portfolio 20.3%	60/40 Portfolio 14.0%	U.S. Core RE 22.2%	U.S. Core RE 7.5%	Direct Lending 12.1%	Hedge Funds 10.1%	Infra. 10.6%	50/30/20 Portfolio 8.6%
Europe Core RE 12.3%	Europe Core RE 12.8%	APAC Core RE 10.4%	50/30/20 Portfolio 14.3%	APAC Core RE 9.3%	Private Equity 16.8%	50/30/20 Portfolio 13.8%	50/30/20 Portfolio 17.9%	APAC Core RE 6.8%	Private Equity 9.6%	Transport 8.9%	Direct Lending 8.8%	Private Equity 8.5%
50/30/20 Portfolio 10.9%	APAC Core RE 11.8%	U.S. Core RE 8.8%	Infra. 12.2%	Private Equity 9.0%	Infra. 11.5%	Hedge Funds 8.9%	60/40 Portfolio 16.6%	Direct Lending 6.3%	Transport 8.9%	Direct Lending 8.5%	50/30/20 Portfolio 8.6%	U.S. Core RE 5.5%
60/40 Portfolio 10.6%	Private Equity 8.8%	50/30/20 Portfolio 8.5%	APAC Core RE 11.5%	U.S. Core RE 8.3%	Europe Core RE 9.4%	Transport 6.8%	Europe Core RE 14.2%	Europe Core RE 4.6%	Infra. 7.9%	Infra. 7.5%	60/40 Portfolio 8.1%	Hedge Funds 5.4%
Private Equity 9.8%	Transport 8.8%	60/40 Portfolio 8.2%	Transport 10.6%	Direct Lending 8.1%	Direct Lending 9.0%	Direct Lending 5.5%	Hedge Funds 13.9%	Private Equity -1.5%	Hedge Funds 4.5%	Private Equity 5.7%	Transport 7.6%	Transport 4.6%
Direct Lending 9.6%	Direct Lending 5.5%	Europe Core RE 8.1%	Europe Core RE 9.8%	Transport 5.2%	APAC Core RE 6.6%	Europe Core RE 4.8%	Direct Lending 12.8%	Hedge Funds -2.8%	Venture Capital -2.2%	Europe Core RE 2.9%	APAC Core RE 7.5%	Europe Core RE 4.2%
APAC Core RE 9.4%	50/30/20 Portfolio 2.9%	Transport 7.8%	Direct Lending 8.6%	50/30/20 Portfolio -0.4%	Hedge Funds 5.6%	U.S. Core RE 1.2%	APAC Core RE 11.8%	50/30/20 Portfolio -12.7%	APAC Core RE -2.3%	Venture Capital 2.8%	U.S. Core RE 7.3%	Infra. 3.4%
Transport 4.6%	60/40 Portfolio 1.1%	Hedge Funds 3.2%	Hedge Funds 8.5%	Hedge Funds -1.2%	U.S. Core RE 5.3%	APAC Core RE 0.3%	Infra. 10.5%	60/40 Portfolio -16.1%	Europe Core RE -4.9%	APAC Core RE -1.9%	Europe Core RE 7.2%	Direct Lending 2.9%
Hedge Funds 4.3%	Hedge Funds -0.2%	Venture Capital 0.6%	U.S. Core RE 7.6%	60/40 Portfolio -2.6%	Transport 1.5%	Infra. 0.2%	Transport 10.3%	Venture Capital -20.5%	U.S. Core RE -12.0%	U.S. Core RE -2.6%	Hedge Funds 4.4%	APAC Core RE 2.7%

Source: Bloomberg, Burgiss, Cliffwater, FactSet, HFRI, MSCI, NCREIF, J.P. Morgan Asset Management.



# Why We Like Private Debt Over Listed Debt

## Direct Lending



- **What:** Non-banking institutions making Loans directly to private companies
- **Examples:** Middle Market companies, lending to distresses companies, special situations

## Asset based Lending



- **What:** Loans issued to borrowers that are secured by hard collateral.
- **Examples:** Manufacturing equipment, shipping containers, airplanes.

## Specialty Finance



- **What:** Loans issued to borrowers that are secured by tangible collateral tied to future cash flows
- **Examples:** Music royalties, future cash flows + receivables, litigation finance.

## Real Estate Lending



- **What:** Loans issued to borrowers that are secured by commercial and residential properties.
- **Examples:** Commercial, residential real estate lending.

## Benefits of private credit:

**1** Enhanced Yield

**2** Low Correlation

**3** Diversification

**4** Inflation and Interest Rate Risk Protection





# Who Are The Borrowers of Private Credit?

Non-Bank Private Debt Funds lend money to quality Australian businesses (below), just like banks do.





# Seniority in the Capital Structure Is Critical

## Ranking

(For Interests/Distributions & Capital Returns)

Highest Priority  
Lowest Risk

Senior Debt

- ▶ Superior position in the capital structure
- ▶ First-order claim on assets and/or earnings of a borrower
- ▶ Can be either secured or unsecured
- ▶ If secured can enforce claims ahead of unsecured creditors

Subordinated  
/ Junior Debt

- ▶ Junior or second-order claim on assets and/or earnings of a borrower
- ▶ Generally higher yielding than senior debt
- ▶ Can benefit from upside via equity instruments that are attached to the debt structure

Preferred Equity

- ▶ Receives preferred payment in respect to dividends
- ▶ Rank ahead of common equity in an insolvency situation

Common Equity

- ▶ Unlimited upside but no downside protection
- ▶ No right to contracted or preferred distributions
- ▶ Typically, first loss in an Insolvency or corporate reorganisation

Lowest Priority  
Highest Risk



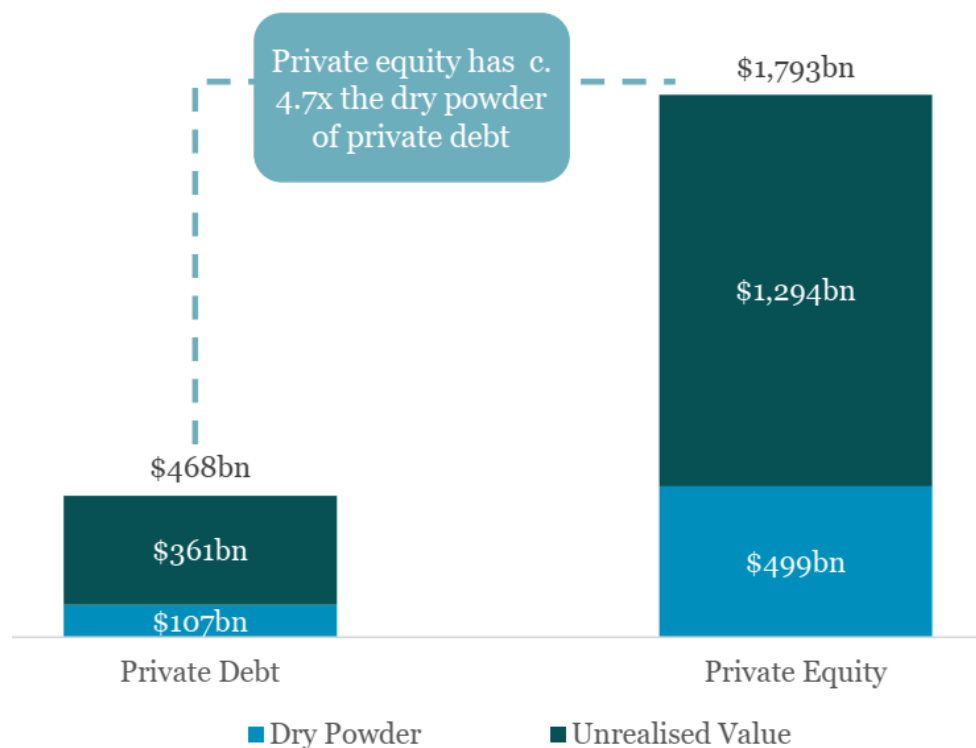


# Private Credit Demand & Default Rates

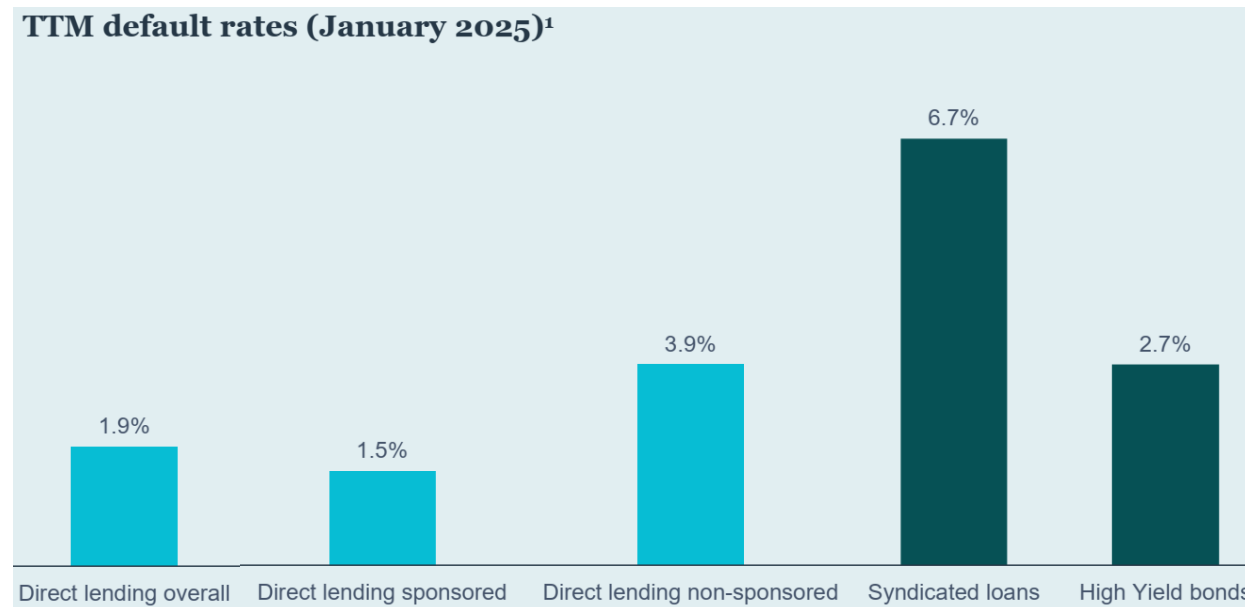
Private equity dry powder is driving long-term supply of deals for the private debt market.

Private debt default rates are much lower compared to public market syndicated loans or high yield debt.

## Private equity and private debt dry powder<sup>1</sup>



## TTM default rates (January 2025)<sup>1</sup>



1. KBRA DLD Direct Lending Default Research. As of January 23, 2025.



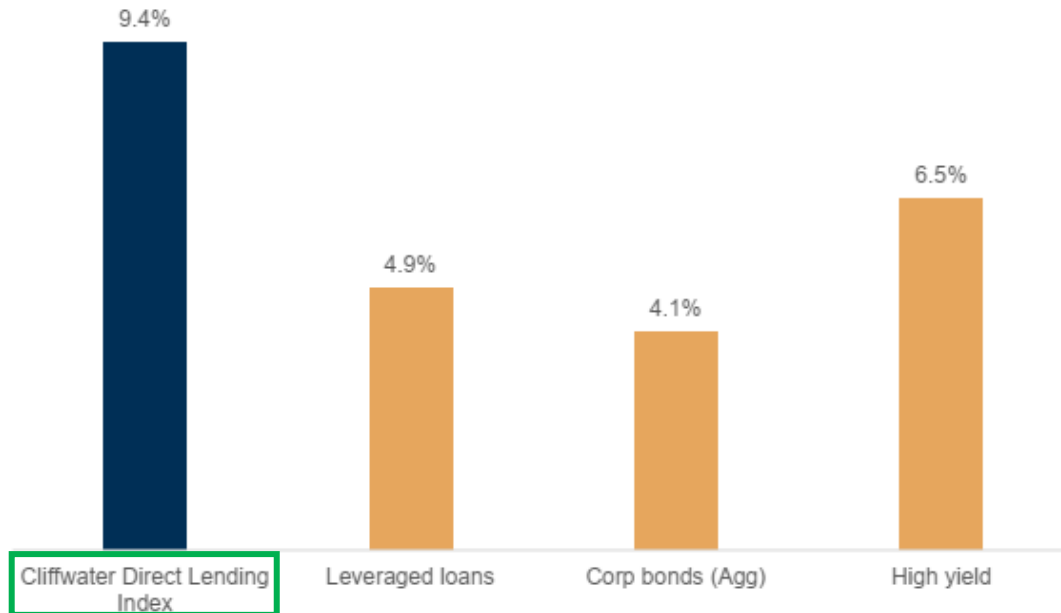


# Private Debt Has Outperformed With Lower Risk

Private direct lending strategies are yielding ~9% pa (equity-like returns) with less volatility than public market debt.

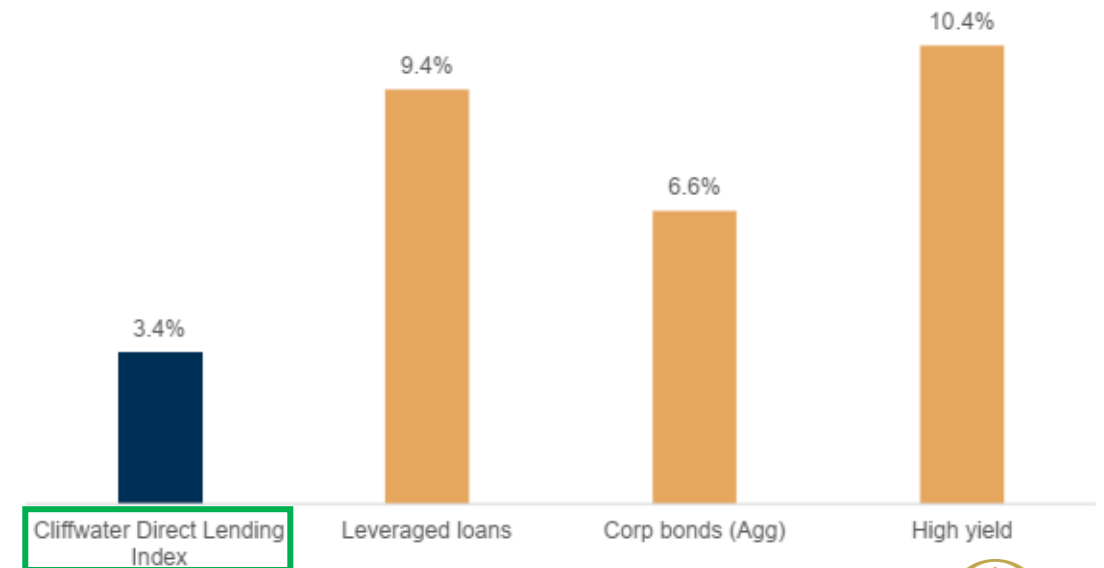
## Attractive return potential

Annualized return by asset class, 2004-2024



## Lower historical volatility

Annualized volatility by asset class, 2004-2023



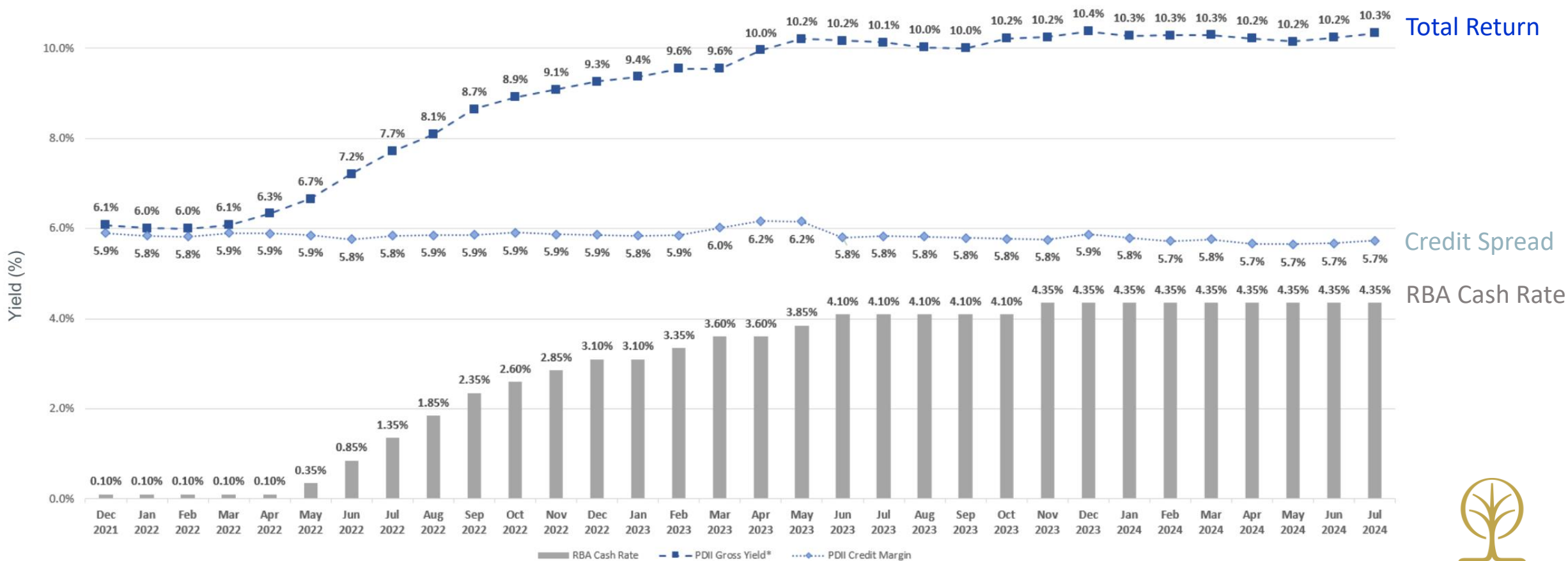
Sources for both charts: Apogem analysis. Direct lending returns are sourced from Cliffwater Direct Lending Index. Source for public credit returns (leveraged loan, corporate bonds, and high yield bonds) is Bloomberg. Data through December 31, 2024.





# Private Debt Yields & Interest Rates

Private Debt is floating rate and rises and falls with cash rates, but always offers a superior yield.

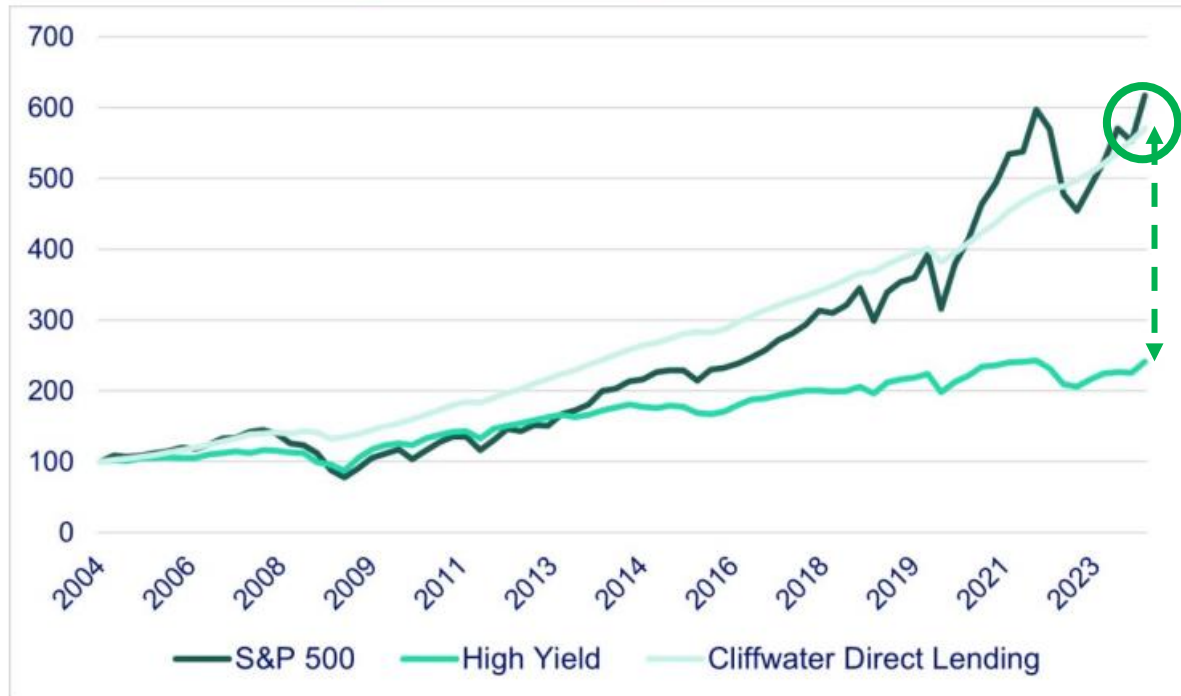




# Private Debt: Equity - Like Returns With Lower Risk

Adding private debt to a portfolio improves your risk-adjusted returns.

## Direct Lending Returns Compared to Public Markets



## Direct Lending Risk & Returns Compared to Public Markets



Source: Bloomberg, as of March 2024; Cliffwater Direct Lending Index, as of December 2023.





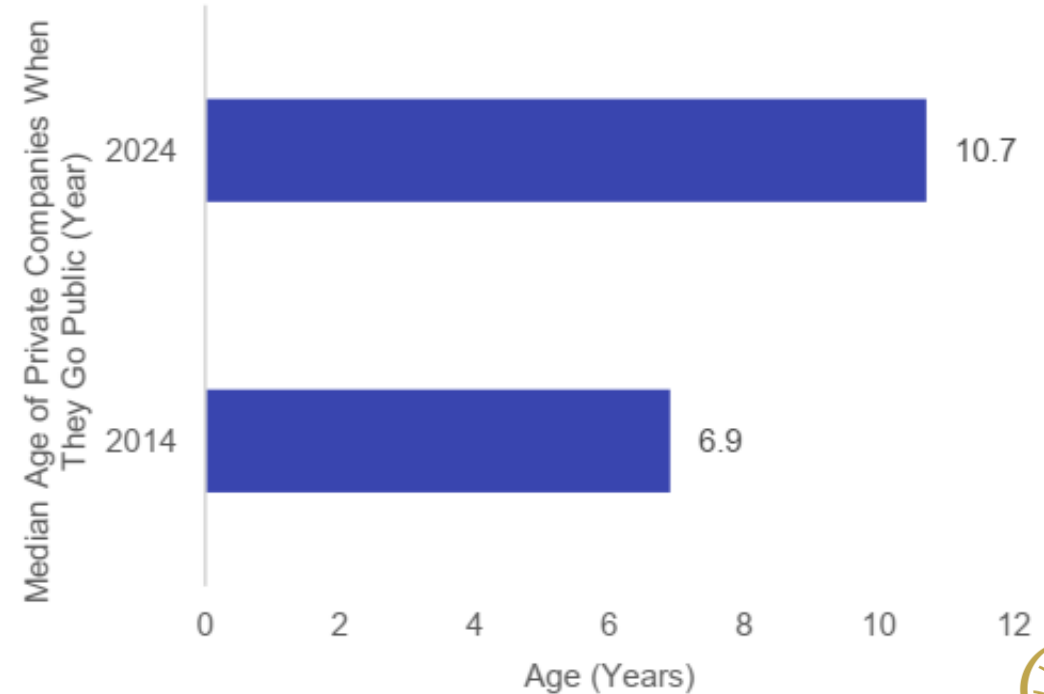
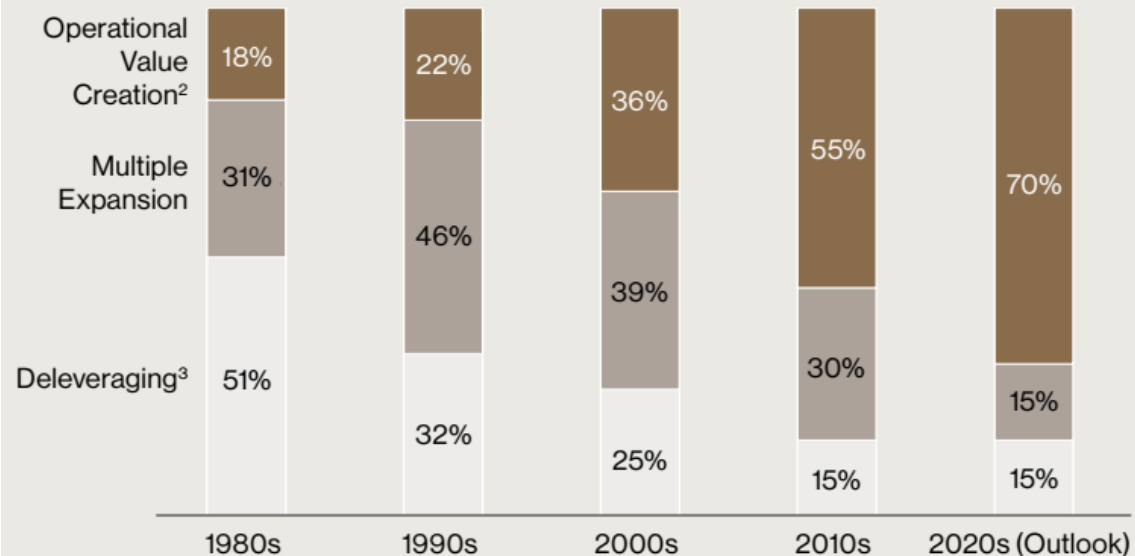
# Private Equity Has Evolved

Private Equity has evolved and is now more focused on 'value-creation' for businesses rather than leverage and multiple expansion. This is what we want to own.

Companies are staying private for longer, so many of the best opportunities are being missed by investors who only focus on public listed markets.

## Focus on transformation potential

Evolution of private equity return contributors<sup>1</sup>



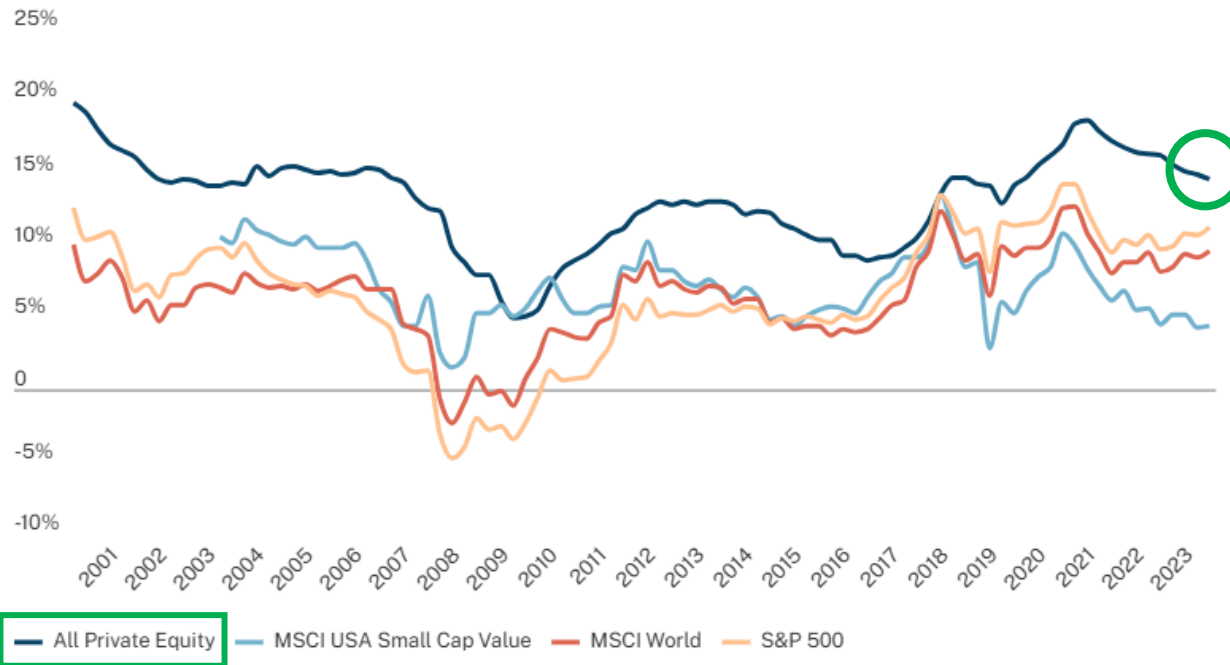
Source: Morningstar and Pitchbook. Published June 2024.



# Why We Like Private Equity Over Listed Equity

Private Equity has outperformed listed share markets across all regions over the long-term.

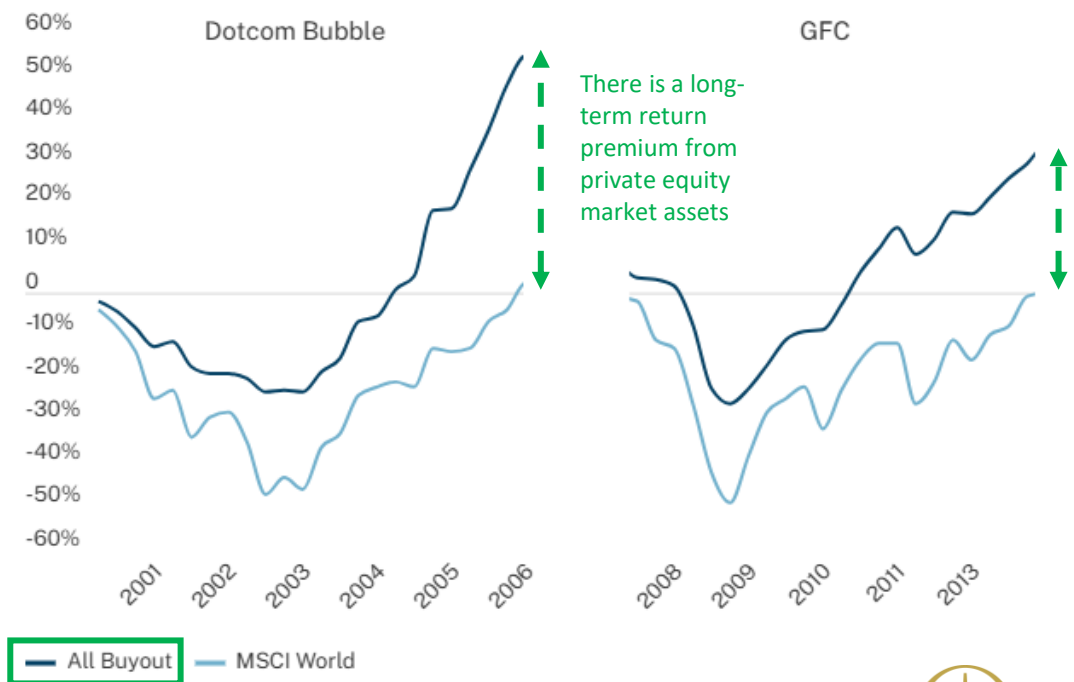
**All Private Equity 10-Year Rolling Time-Weighted Returns**



Source: Hamilton Lane Data via Cobalt, Bloomberg (October 2024)

Private Equity has provided strong downside protection in falling markets and has long-term compounding benefits.

**Cumulative Returns During Equity Market Drawdowns**



Source: Hamilton Lane Data via Cobalt, Bloomberg (October 2024)

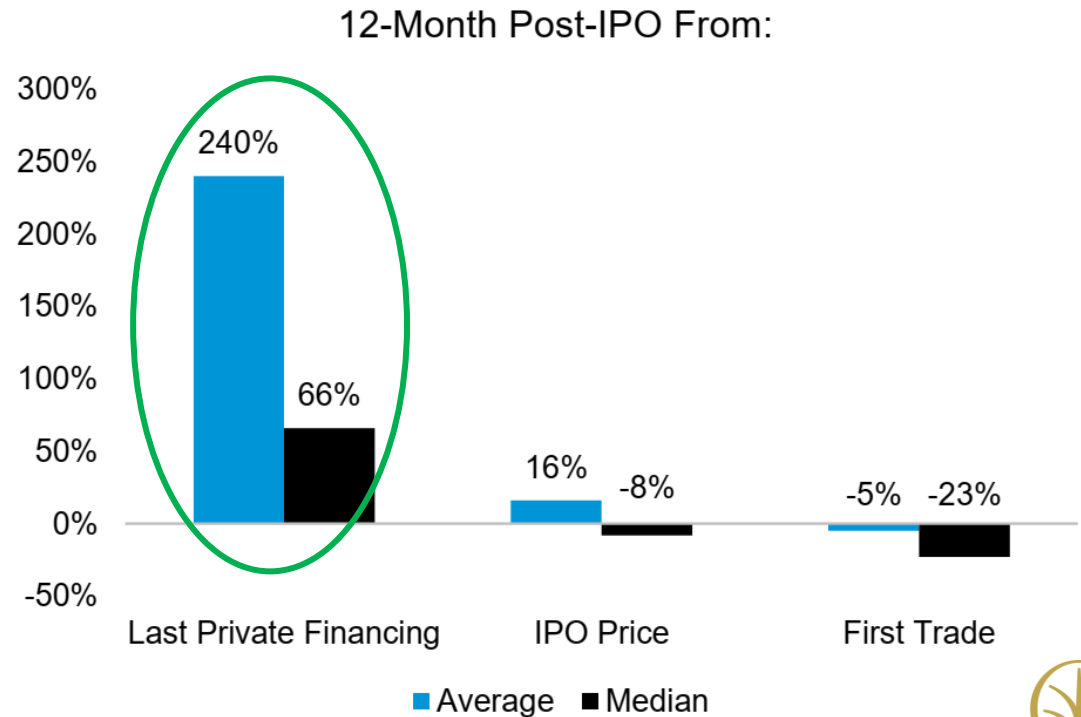
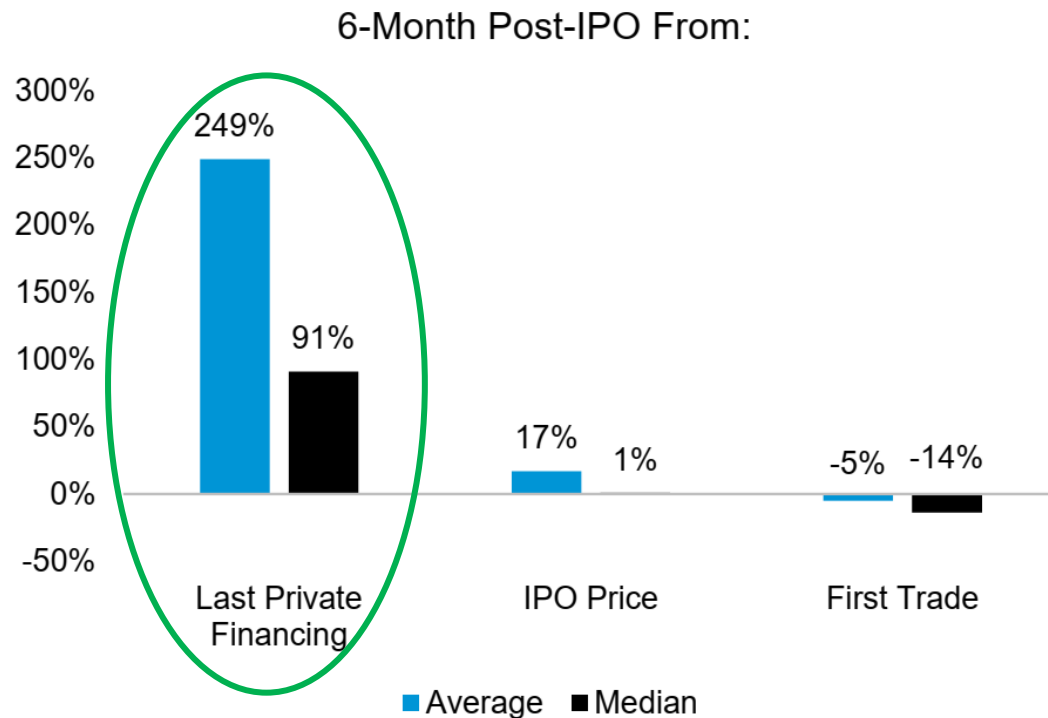




# Private Equity Investors Capture Most of the Gains

Investing early into private companies can provide investors with the best returns.

## Performance of U.S. VC-Backed Companies with an IPO Exit (01/01/2010 - 12/31/2024)



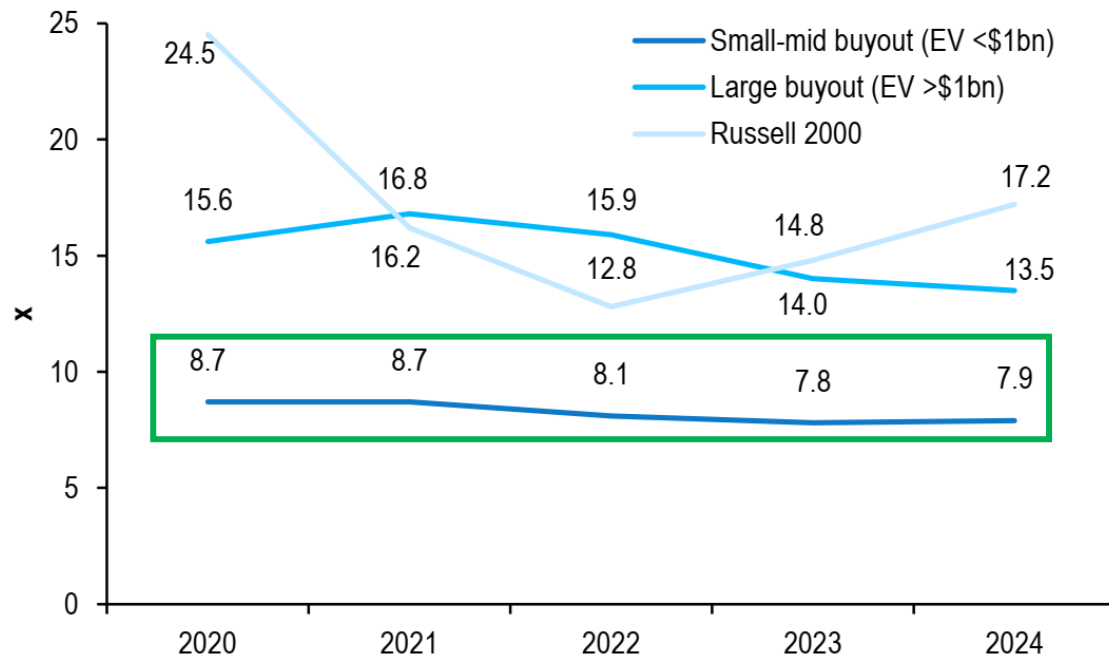
Source: The Private Shares Fund, Pitchbook, Y-Charts, Nasdaq, SEC Edgar. Total 790 U.S. Venture-Capital-Back Private Companies that executed an IPO from January 01, 2010 through December 31, 2024. Last private financing prices adjusted for subsequent stock splits to allow for appropriate comparisons. Only includes formerly VC-backed, U.S. companies listing on the NYSE or NASDAQ. Analysis tracks the change in price for an individual share at last private financing, and therefore does not factor in potential tax implications or management and performance fees that may be associated with investments in private markets



# Valuations Are Better & The Market Is Compelling

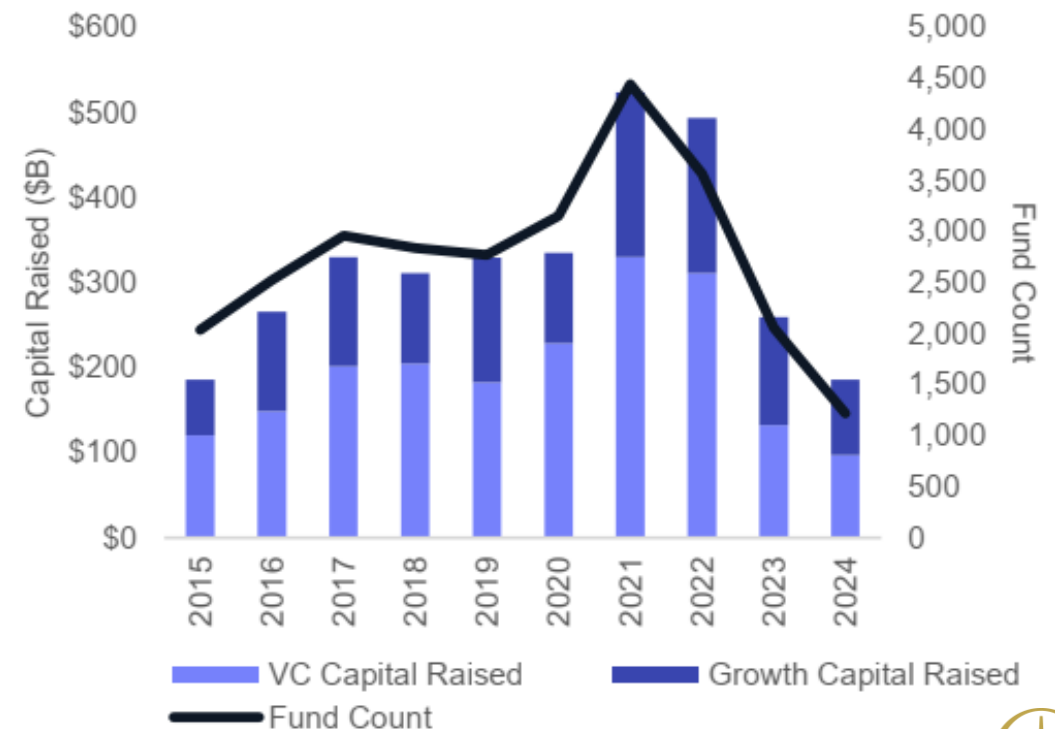
Private Equity valuation multiples are lower than listed markets.

Average entry EV/EBITDA multiples



Source: Capital IQ, Bloomberg, Global M&A Outlook 2025, Robert W. Baird & Co., Schroders Capital, 2025. North America and Europe M&A. Completed deals. Russell 2000 EV/EBITDA is calculated using EBITDA from the latest trailing twelve months.

Less capital pursuing opportunities makes for a less competitive environment.



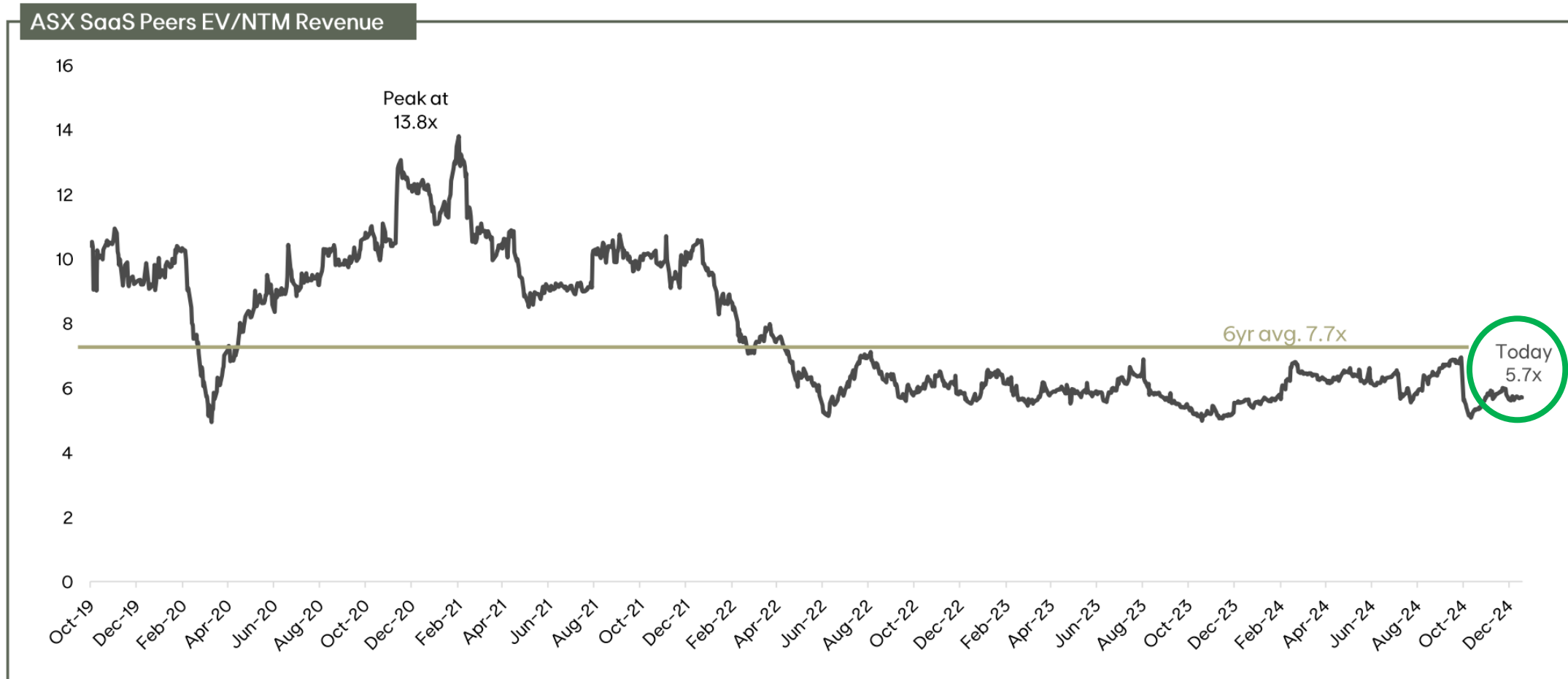
Source: Morningstar and Pitchbook. Published June 2024.  
Preqin, as of November 2024.





# Australian PE Technology Valuations

Valuations in the Australian Software-As-A-Service (SAAS) sector are not expensive – Entry levels are compelling.



Source: Ellerston Capital, CapitalQ.

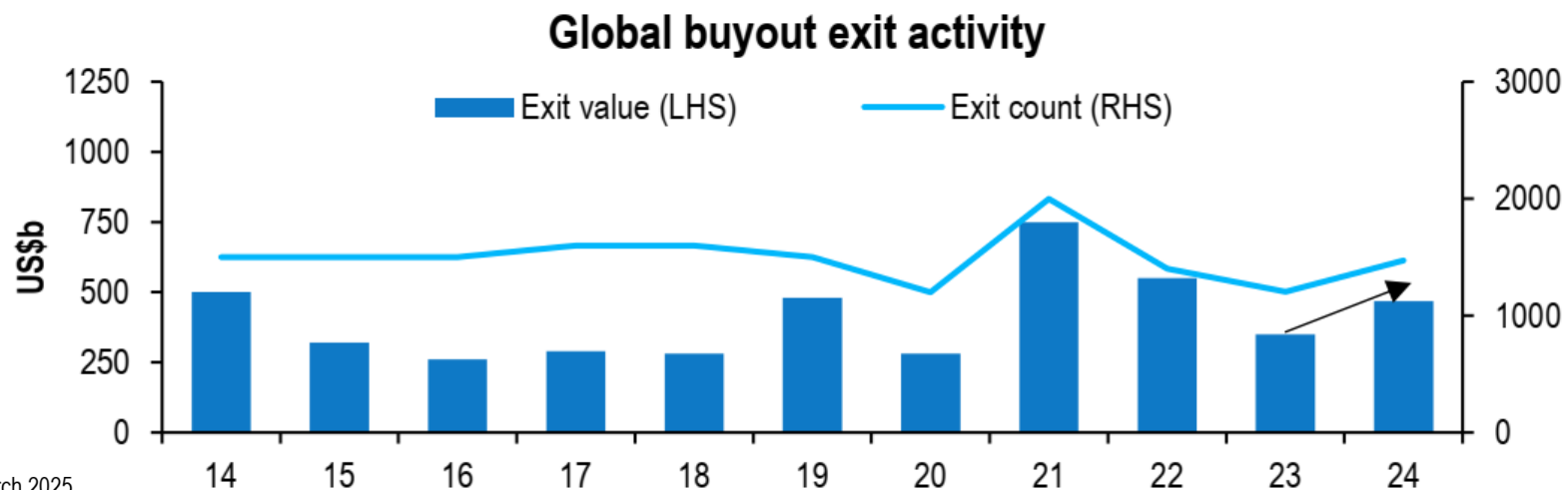
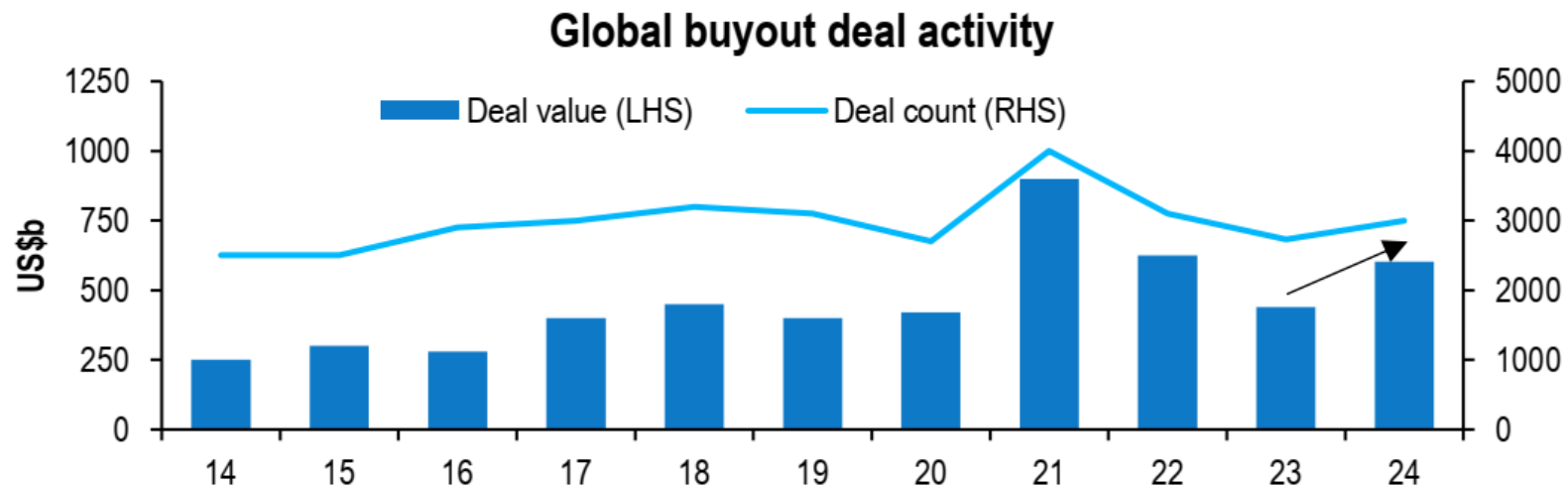


morrays  
PRIVATE WEALTH



# Private Equity Deal & Exit Activity Is Improving

After two years of declines PE dealmaking activity increased 14% in 2024 and exit values jumped 34%.



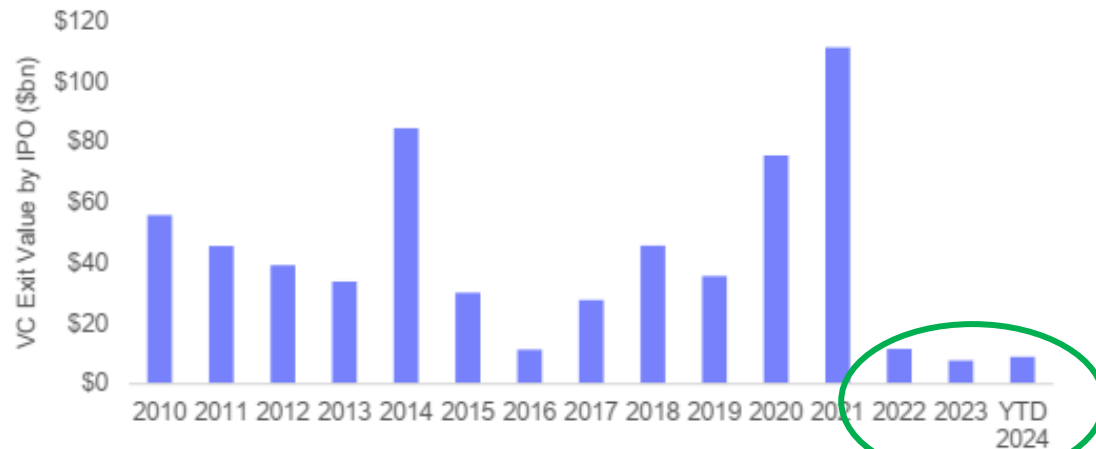


# PE & VC: There Is A Lot More To Come

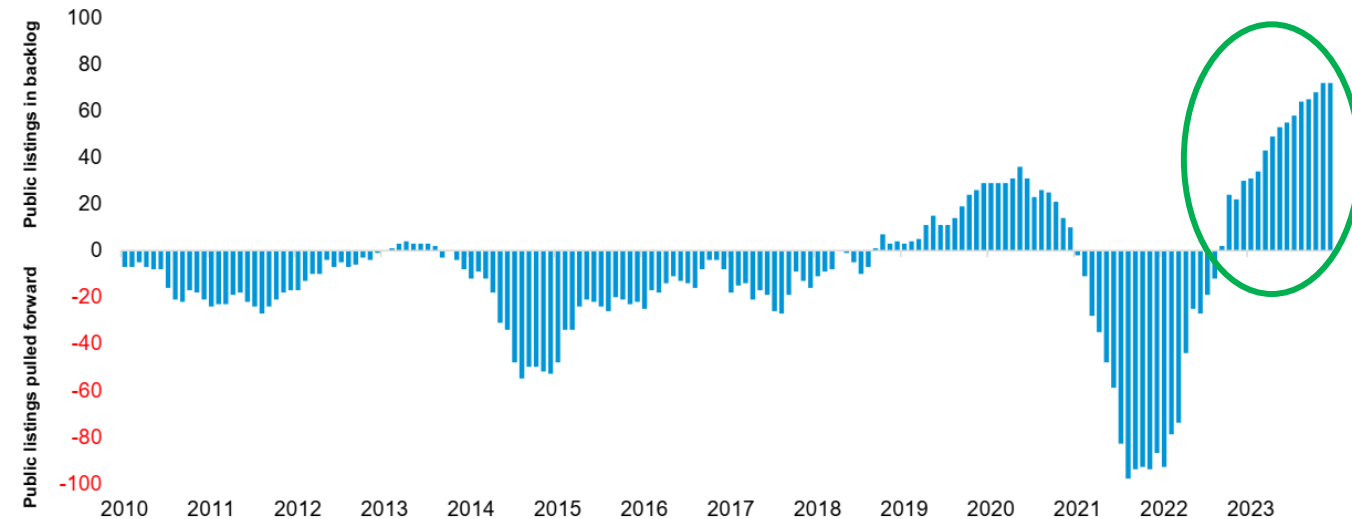
The US Venture Capital Market has effectively been shut out of exits given that listings on public markets (IPO's) have been non-existent. But that will eventually change.

There is a significant backlog of private companies that are waiting to IPO on listed markets in the US when the environment and opportunity presents.

THE IPO ROUTE FOR VC EXITS HAVE REMAINED MUTED



Estimated IPO Backlog



Source: Pitchbook – Geography: US; as at 31 December 2023.





# Private Infrastructure Benefits & Performance

## Infrastructure Sectors



Transportation



Utilities



Energy



Renewables



Digital



Industrial



Social

**Capital Preservation**

**Consistent Cash Distribution**

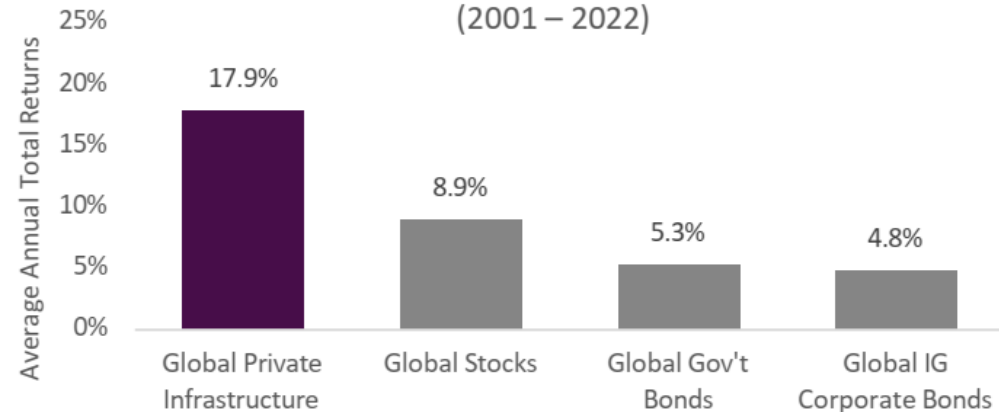
**Inflation Hedging**

**Diversification**

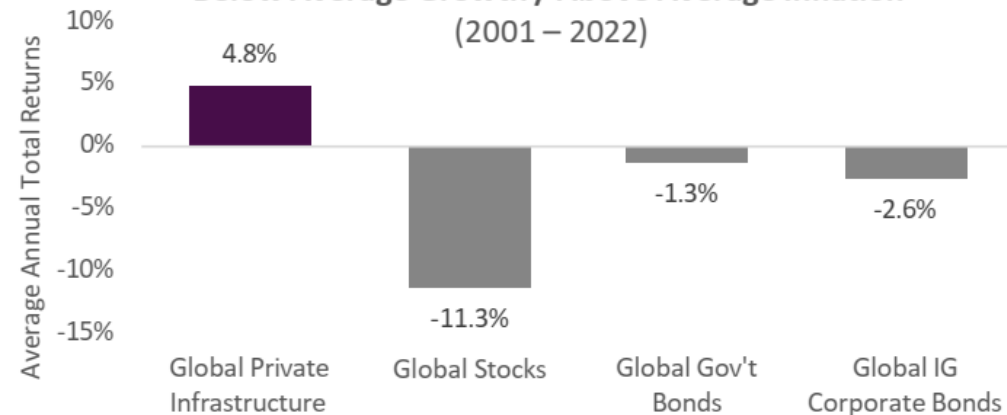
**Upside Potential**

## Infrastructure Has Historically Delivered High Returns in Inflationary Environments<sup>(2)</sup>

### Above Average Growth / Above Average Inflation (2001 – 2022)



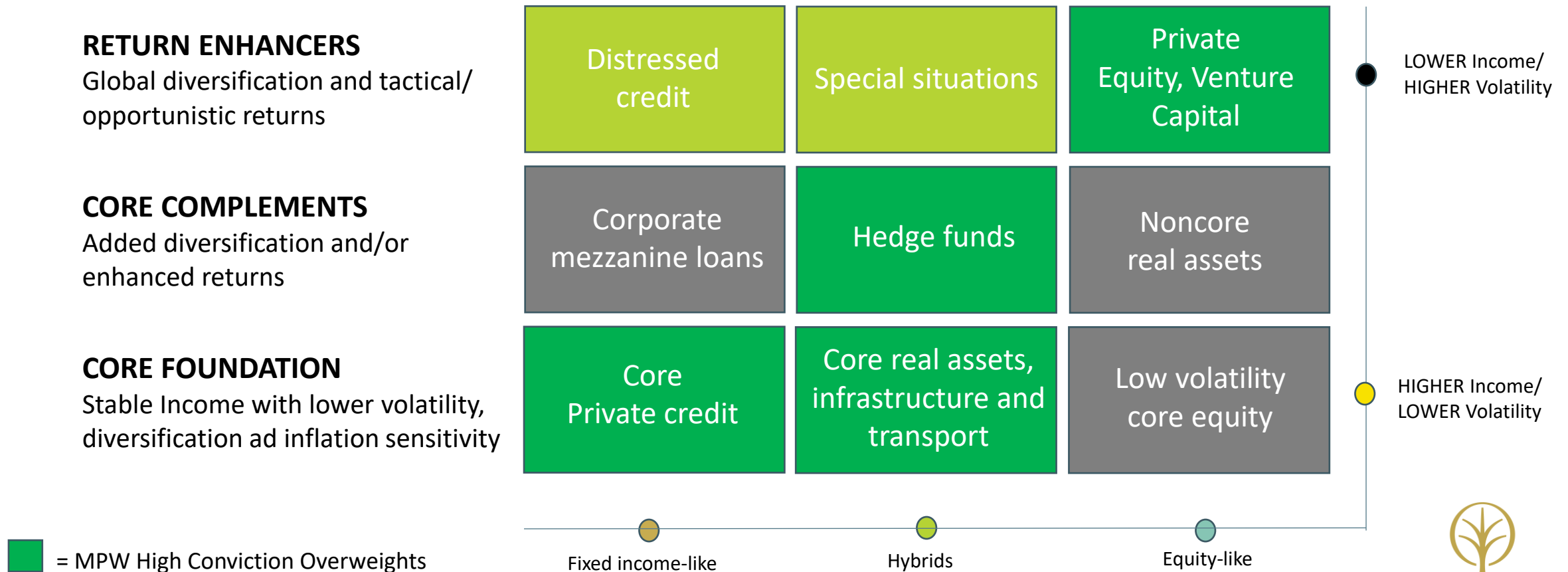
### Below Average Growth / Above Average Inflation (2001 – 2022)





# MPW High Conviction Alternative Assets

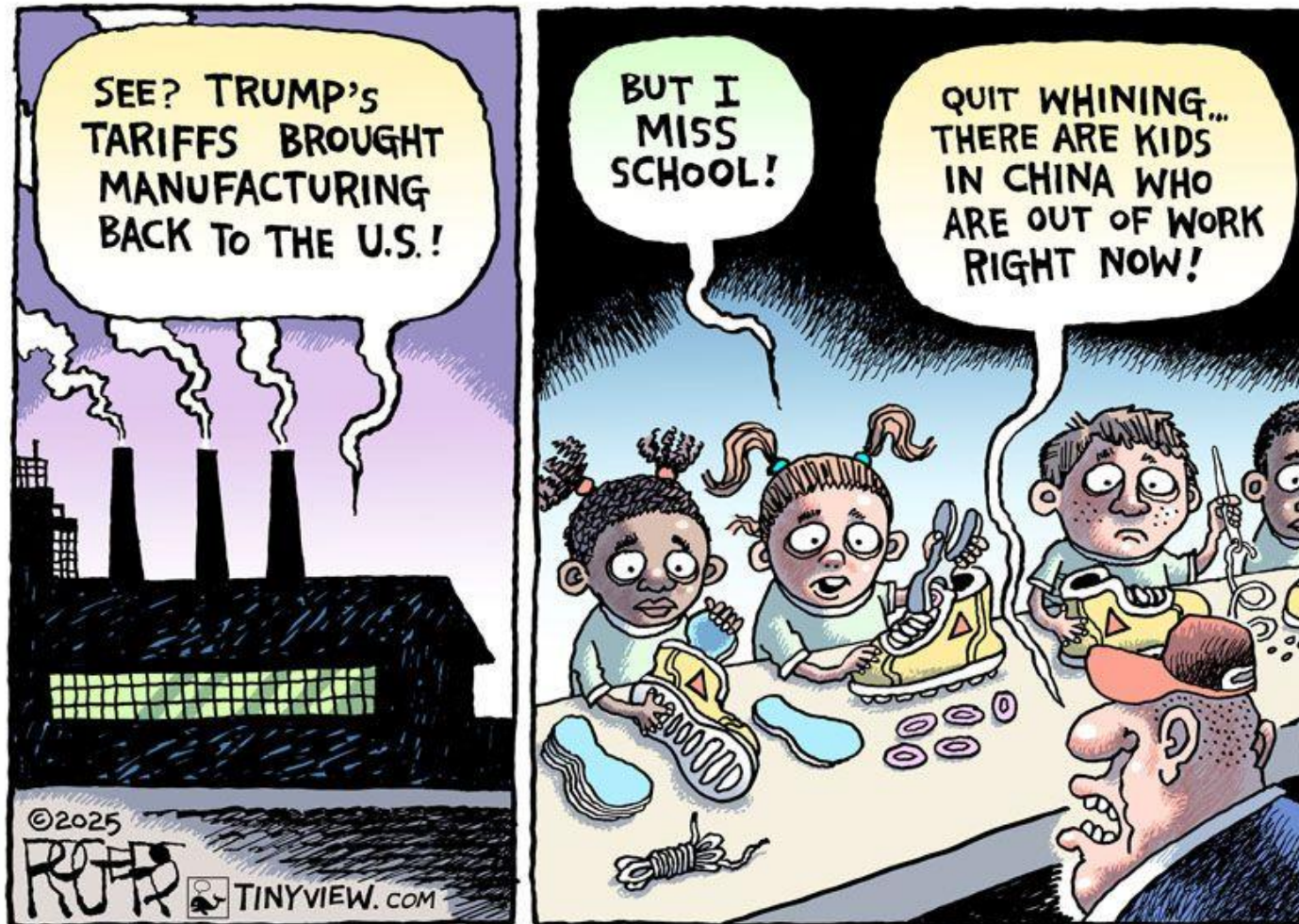
Framework-driven portfolio construction: What role do different categories play in the portfolio?





# MPW Concluding Summary

MPW Outlook: Recession risk has increased, noting the outlook is very uncertain and there is no playbook.



Careful what you wish for!

## MPW Recommended Portfolio Strategy:

- Listed markets are still expensive
- Expect higher market volatility
- Private debt over public listed debt
- Private equity over public listed equity
- Alternative assets for diversification
- Be ready for opportunities that arise





**morrows**  
PRIVATE WEALTH



Your financial future,  
tailored your way

